

STATISTICS OF JEWS

A. JEWISH POPULATION

Summary

Estimates of the world Jewish population have been assembled by the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee (except for the United States and Canada) and are probably the most authentic available at the present time.¹ The figures reveal that the total Jewish population of the world has decreased by one-third, from about 16,600,000 in 1939 to about 11,000,000 in 1946, as a result of the annihilation by the Nazis of more than five and a half million European Jews.

In Europe only an estimated 3,642,000 remain of the total Jewish pre-war population of approximately 9,740,000. The major part of the present world Jewish population—about 5,176,000—lives in the United States and Canada. The two continents have thus reversed their order of 1939, when Europe was the greatest center of Jewish population. Asia now has a Jewish population of about 892,000, compared with a pre-war estimate of 771,000. The Jewish populations in Africa and Latin America have increased slightly since 1939. The estimated number of Jews now in Africa is 640,000; in 1939 the Jewish population was 610,000. South and Central America have an estimated Jewish population of 578,000, as compared with the 1939 total of 524,000. The total Jewish population in Australia has risen from 33,000 in 1939 to an estimated 35,000 in 1946. (Table 1).

Western Hemisphere

There are approximately 5,756,000 Jews in the Western Hemisphere of whom about 5,000,000 reside in the United States.² Canada had a total of 176,500 Jews in 1945, according to the estimate of

¹ The effective date of the J.D.C. estimates used in this section is May 1946.

² According to an estimate made by Dr. H. S. Linfield, Special Agent of the U. S. Bureau of the Census in connection with the 1937 Census of Religious Bodies, the U. S. Jewish population in that year was 4,770,000. In the absence of any later estimate, the figure in this table is a generally accepted approximation of the present Jewish population.

the Canadian Jewish Congress. In Latin America, Argentina with 350,000 Jews, has the largest community. Brazil follows with a Jewish population of 100,000. Chile and Uruguay have Jewish populations of 25,000 and 37,000 respectively. Mexico has 16,000 and Cuba somewhat more than 10,000. Smaller Jewish communities exist throughout Latin America. (Table 2).

Because of limitation of space, and the fact that the government is now making plans for the 1947 Census of Religious Bodies, of which the Census of Jewish Congregations is a part, the detailed statistical tables on the Jewish population of the United States are being omitted from the present volume of the *American Jewish Year Book*. Two summary tables are included, however. (Tables 3 and 4). Those who desire further information are referred to volume 47, which contains more detailed tables, with an introduction by Dr. H. S. Linfield, Director of the Jewish Statistical Bureau.

Europe

The Jewish population remaining in Europe is in a constant state of flux; migrations westward and repatriations occur every day. The figures printed here are estimates based on reports received by the J.D.C. from European sources. From 1939 to the close of the war the Jewish population losses are estimated at 5,814,000; this figure may be lowered somewhat by an undetermined number of Jewish survivors in the Russian zone in Germany. There are at present approximately 3,642,000 Jews in all of Europe, as compared with 9,740,000 in 1939.

Outside the Soviet Union there are an estimated 1,609,000 Jews. The British Jewish population of 350,000 is the largest of any single country in Europe with the exception of the Soviet Union. On the Continent, there are about 330,000 Jews in Western Europe, including approximately 180,000 in France, 76,000 in the Low Countries, 35,000 in Switzerland, 30,000 in Italy (not including displaced persons), 28,000 in the Scandinavian countries, and 7,500 in Spain and Portugal. In the East European countries of Czechoslovakia, Poland, and the Soviet Union there are approximately 2,208,000 Jews, of which over 2,000,000 live in Soviet territory. In the Southern European countries of Hungary, Rumania, Yugoslavia, Bulgaria, Greece, and Turkey there is a total Jewish population of about 650,000.

In the early part of 1946 there were approximately 106,000 displaced and refugee Jews living in the American, British and French zones in Germany, in all of Austria, and in Italy. (Table 5).

Asia and Australasia

Two-thirds of the Jewish population on the continent of Asia lives in Palestine. Thus, the Yishuv numbered about 600,000 at the end of 1945, out of a total Jewish population of almost 900,000. Of the remaining third the principal centers of Jewish population are: Iraq (90,000), Iran (50,000), Yemen (45,000), India (30,000) and China (25,000). There are about 35,000 Jews in Australia and New Zealand. (Table 6).

Palestine

While Palestine was under Turkish rule there were enumerations of population, but the results were not organized in the manner of a modern census, so that during that period there are merely estimates of population. It was estimated that in 1839 there were 12,000 Jews in Palestine; in 1880, 35,000; in 1900, 70,000, and at the outbreak of World War I, about 85,000. The first census was taken in October 1922, and the published results give a complete picture of the population of Palestine. In November 1931, a second census was taken. A summary of this census is given in the *American Jewish Year Book*, Vol. 35, pages 272-278.

The population of Palestine according to the censuses of 1922 and 1931 and government estimates of *settled* population made since then are given below (Table 7). Since the census of 1931, estimates of population have been prepared by adding to census figures the *recorded* excess of arrivals over departures, and the natural increase (excess of births over deaths). Such estimates, however, leave out of account some of the "illegal" or unrecorded immigration.

The Palestine Government estimated the Jewish population to be 547,346 as of September 30, 1945. An estimate by the Jewish Agency for the same date is not available. However, we do have the Jewish Agency estimates of the Jewish population at the end of 1945, taking into account the unrecorded immigration.

According to the Statistical Department of the Jewish Agency, the number of Jews in Palestine at the end of 1945 was 592,000.

This estimate is derived from the sources mentioned above as well as the estimates of the "illegal" immigration. Of this total, 174,600 represents the 1931 census figure (29.5%), 313,400, the total net immigration (52.8%) and 104,400, the natural increase (17.7%).

The proportion of Jews to the total population of Palestine was 11.1% in 1922, 16.9% in 1931, 27.2% in 1935, 31% in 1939 and 32% at the end of 1945.

According to the Jewish Agency, the Jewish population is about evenly divided as between male and female, 50.8% for the former and 49.2% for the latter. Slightly over 36% are under the age of 20; half of the population (50.9%) is between 20 and 49; and the rest, or 13%, are 50 and over. Details on the age structure of the population will be found in Table 8.

More than three fourths of the Jewish community belong to the Ashkenazic group. The rest are Sephardim, Yemenites or members of the Oriental groups (Sephardim, 9.6%; Yemenites, 4.9%).

Three fourths of the Jewish population (439,000) live in cities or urban settlements, and one fourth (153,000) live in rural areas. The number of cities and urban settlements is 27 and the number of rural settlements is 266; the total number of Jewish settlements in Palestine is 293. Details are given in Table 9.

Africa

The African Jewish population has increased from an estimated 610,000 in 1939 to approximately 640,000 in 1945. Most of the Jewish population resides in the northern countries bordering on the Mediterranean. French Morocco has the largest Jewish community, numbering 175,000 in 1945 as compared with 161,000 in 1939. Next in size is Algeria, with 120,000 Jews in 1945, representing an increase of 10,000 since 1939. The Jewish population of Egypt is third largest in northern Africa (75,000) and Tunisia fourth (66,000). The population figures given for these two countries are the same for 1945 and 1939. In other parts of the continent, the sizeable Jewish communities are those of the Union of South Africa, numbering 98,000, and the Falasha community of Abyssinia, numbering about 50,000. (Table 10).

TABLE 1
ESTIMATED WORLD JEWISH POPULATION

	1939	1946
United States and Canada	4,965,620 ¹	5,176,500
South and Central America	524,000	578,000
Europe	9,739,200	3,642,100
Asia	771,500	892,500
Australasia	33,000	35,000
Africa	609,800	639,500
TOTAL	16,643,120	11,123,800

¹ The Jewish population of Canada was 165,620 in 1939 and 176,500 in 1945, according to the estimates of the Canadian Jewish Congress.

TABLE 2
ESTIMATED JEWISH POPULATION OF WESTERN HEMISPHERE

	General Population ²	Jewish Population	Per Cent
All Countries	286,718,214	5,756,711	2.00
North America and West Indies	182,946,244	5,208,596	2.85
United States (Continental)	136,485,262	5,000,000	3.66
Alaska	72,524	600	0.83
Canada	11,506,655	176,500	1.53
Mexico	21,153,321	16,000	0.08
Cuba	4,778,583	10,900	0.23
Curacao	122,540	650	0.53
Dominican Republic	1,969,773	930	0.05
Haiti	3,000,000	160	0.01
Jamaica	1,237,063	2,200	0.18
Puerto Rico	2,017,789	150	0.01
Trinidad	535,499	370	0.07
Virgin Islands	24,889	62	0.25
Panama Canal Zone	42,346	74	0.18
South and Central America	103,771,970	548,115	.05
Argentina	13,708,386	350,000	2.56
Bolivia	3,533,900	5,150	.01
Brazil	44,460,000	110,750	0.25
Chile	5,237,432	25,000	0.48
Colombia	9,523,200	5,800	0.06
Costa Rica	705,000	70	0.01
Ecuador	3,105,541	3,200	0.10
Guatemala	3,450,752	895	0.03
Guiana (British)	354,219	1,000	0.28
Honduras	1,154,388	130	0.01
Nicaragua	1,380,000	135	0.01
Panama	631,637	750	0.12
Paraguay	1,040,420	3,000	0.29
Peru	7,271,654	2,500	0.03
Salvador	1,862,980	160	0.01
Surinam	183,730	975	0.53
Uruguay	2,164,000	37,000	1.71
Venezuela	4,004,731	1,600	0.04

² The general population figures are taken from the Pan American Yearbook, 1945 and the Statesman's Year Book, 1945.

TABLE 3

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF JEWS OF UNITED STATES, PRINCIPAL COMMUNITIES, AND CONGREGATIONS, 1850-1937¹

	Total Population	Jews	P. C.	Increase in ten years	Princi- pal Com- munities	Congre- gations
1850	23,191,876	250,000	0.22	—	44	77
1877	43,661,968	250,000	0.52	—	174	277
1897	72,106,120	937,800	1.31	—	2336	2850
1907	88,787,058	1,776,885	2.00	89.47	426	1,769
1917	103,690,473	3,388,951	3.27	90.72	580	1,901
1927	118,140,645	4,228,029	3.58	24.76	871	3,118
1937	128,823,308	4,770,647	3.70	12.83	967	3,728

¹ See H. S. Linfield, "The Jewish Population of the United States," vol. 47, p. 641 ff.

* 1848.

* 1900.

TABLE 4

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF JEWS OF UNITED STATES, PRINCIPAL COMMUNITIES AND CONGREGATIONS, BY STATES, 1937¹

State	Total Population 1940	Jews 1937	Principal Communities 1937	Congregations 1937	P. C. of Jews 1937 ²	Distribution of Jews 1937
UNITED STATES.....	131,669,275	4,770,647	967	3,728	3.70	100.00
Alabama.....	2,832,961	12,148	13	20	0.44	0.25
Arizona.....	499,261	1,847	2	4	0.38	0.04
Arkansas.....	1,949,387	6,510	11	12	0.34	0.14
California.....	6,907,387 ²	157,471	31	101	2.40	3.31
Colorado.....	1,123,296	21,375	6	23	1.95	0.45
Connecticut.....	1,709,242	93,080	38	92	5.54	1.95
Delaware.....	266,505	6,587	2	6	2.55	0.14
Dist. of Columbia...	663,091	18,350	1	15	2.99	0.38
Florida.....	1,897,414	21,276	19	30	1.22	0.45
Georgia.....	3,123,723	23,781	17	27	0.78	0.50
Idaho.....	524,873	1,138	1	2	0.23	0.02
Illinois.....	7,897,241	387,330	29	189	4.96	8.12
Indiana.....	3,427,796	28,155	23	44	0.83	0.59
Iowa.....	2,538,268	14,089	17	26	0.56	0.30
Kansas.....	1,801,028	8,287	4	8	0.46	0.17
Kentucky.....	2,845,627	17,894	10	17	0.64	0.38
Louisiana.....	2,363,880	14,942	14	21	0.65	0.31
Maine.....	847,226	9,000	15	23	1.08	0.19
Maryland.....	1,821,244	76,124	8	67	4.31	1.60
Massachusetts.....	4,316,721	262,945	57	186	6.07	5.51
Michigan.....	5,256,106	105,201	24	83	2.13	2.20
Minnesota.....	2,792,300	41,728	8	35	1.53	0.87
Mississippi.....	2,183,796	4,603	16	18	0.22	0.10
Missouri.....	3,784,664	86,572	12	61	2.32	1.81
Montana.....	559,456	1,729	3	4	0.31	0.04
Nebraska.....	1,315,834	14,579	5	12	1.10	0.30
Nevada.....	110,247	379	1	1	0.36	0.01
New Hampshire.....	491,524	3,328	12	13	0.69	0.07
New Jersey.....	4,160,165	267,970	99	236	6.50	5.62
New Mexico.....	531,818	1,179	3	4	0.23	0.02
New York.....	13,479,142	2,206,328	110	1,560	16.70	46.25
North Carolina.....	3,571,623	7,333	20	24	0.21	0.15
North Dakota.....	641,935	2,744	8	8	4.21	0.06
Ohio.....	6,907,612	183,570	39	125	2.69	3.85
Oklahoma.....	2,336,434	7,371	7	10	0.31	0.15
Oregon.....	1,089,684	11,649	3	11	1.11	0.24
Pennsylvania.....	9,900,180	434,616	132	350	4.43	9.11
Rhode Island.....	713,346	27,813	8	27	4.02	0.58
South Carolina.....	1,899,804	5,905	15	19	0.32	0.12
South Dakota.....	642,961	1,963	2	3	0.30	0.04
Tennessee.....	2,915,841	25,811	7	18	0.91	0.54
Texas.....	6,414,824	49,196	37	60	0.79	1.03
Utah.....	550,310	3,166	2	4	0.59	0.07
Vermont.....	359,231	2,000	9	10	0.56	0.04
Virginia.....	2,677,773	25,066	19	34	0.96	0.53
Washington.....	1,736,191	18,422	8	16	1.09	0.39
West Virginia.....	1,901,974	7,213	16	22	0.39	0.15
Wisconsin.....	3,137,587	39,917	22	45	1.30	0.84
Wyoming.....	250,742	967	2	2	0.40	0.02

¹ See footnote to Table 3.² The percentages for the Jewish population are based on the total population for 1937 as estimated by the United States Bureau of the Census.

TABLE 5
ESTIMATED JEWISH POPULATION OF EUROPE

Country	1939	1946	
Albania	200	—	300
Austria	—	—	—
Displaced Persons in U. S., British, French and Russian zones	—	11,000	—
Others	—	5,000	—
Total	60,000	—	16,000
Belgium	100,000	—	30,000
Bulgaria	50,000	—	46,500
Czechoslovakia	—	—	—
Bohemia, Moravia and Silesia	—	23,500	—
Slovakia	—	31,500	—
Total	360,000	—	55,000 ¹
Denmark	7,000	—	5,500
England	340,000	—	350,000
Estonia (U. S. S. R.)	5,000	—	500
Finland	2,000	—	1,800
France	320,000	—	180,000 ²
Germany	—	—	—
Displaced Persons in U. S., British and French zones	—	73,000 ³	—
Others	—	12,000	—
Total	240,000	—	85,000
Greece	75,000	—	10,500
Holland	150,000	—	30,000
Hungary	403,000 ⁴	—	200,000
Irish Free State	4,000	—	4,500
Italy	—	—	—
Nationals	—	30,000	—
Displaced Persons and Refugees	—	22,000	—
Total	51,000	—	52,000
Latvia (U. S. S. R.)	95,000	—	12,000
Lithuania (U. S. S. R.)	155,000	—	20,000
Luxembourg	3,500	—	500
Norway	3,000	—	1,000
Poland	3,250,000	—	120,000 ⁵
Portugal	3,500	—	4,000
Rumania	850,000	—	300,000 ⁶
Soviet Union	3,020,000	—	2,000,000 ⁷
Spain	4,500	—	3,500
Sweden	7,500	—	22,000 ⁸
Switzerland	25,000	—	35,000 ⁹
Turkey	80,000	—	80,000 ¹⁰
Yugoslavia	75,000	—	10,500
TOTAL	9,739,200	—	3,642,100

¹ Figure in column 1939 refers to the Jewish population within pre-Munich boundaries. Figure for 1946 includes about 11,000 refugees from Ruthenia and Poland.

² Figures refer to European France.

³ In addition to the 73,000 Jewish displaced persons in the U. S., British and French zones of Germany, there is an undetermined number in the Russian zone.

⁴ These figures refer to Hungary within 1938 frontiers. After 1938, the Jewish population in Hungary increased to 745,000 due to the annexation of Czechoslovak and Rumanian territory and some influx of Jews from Poland and other Nazi areas.

⁵ The figure for 1946 is based on the systematic enumeration made by the Central Jewish Committee of Poland in January 1946. It must be borne in mind that numbers of Jews are migrating westward, but the losses are largely compensated by the repatriation of 160,000 Polish Jews from Russia which is being carried out.

⁶ The figure for 1939 refers to Greater Rumania which included Bessarabia, Bucovina and Transylvania. The figure for 1946 refers to the present boundaries, thus excluding Bessarabia, Northern Bucovina and Northern Transylvania. The 1946 figure includes repatriates from Soviet territory; this repatriation is still continuing.

⁷ Including Asiatic provinces. The figure for 1946 includes some 200,000 refugees from Poland and other neighboring countries.

⁸ Including 15,000 refugees and displaced persons.

⁹ Including 17,000 refugees and displaced persons.

¹⁰ Including Asiatic Turkey.

TABLE 6
ESTIMATED JEWISH POPULATION OF
ASIA AND AUSTRALASIA¹

Country	1939	1945
Aden.....	5,000	6,000
Afghanistan.....	5,000	5,000
China.....	25,000	25,000
D. East Indies.....	2,000	2,000
India.....	30,000	30,000
F. Indo-China.....	1,500	1,500
Iran.....	50,000	50,000
Iraq.....	90,000	90,000
Japan.....	2,000	2,000
Manchukuo.....	10,000	10,000
Palestine.....	475,000	600,000
Philippines.....	1,000	1,000
Syria-Lebanon.....	25,000	25,000
Yemen.....	50,000	45,000
TOTAL.....	771,500	892,500
Australia.....	30,000	32,000
New Zealand.....	3,000	3,000
TOTAL.....	33,000	35,000
GRAND TOTAL.....	804,500	927,500

¹ Excluding Asiatic Provinces of U. S. S. R. and Turkey.

TABLE 7

POPULATION OF PALESTINE
CENSUSES OF 1922 AND 1931, AND OFFICIAL ESTIMATES FOR
1943, 1944, AND 1945

	Total	Moslems		Jews		Christians		Others	
		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Census 1922...	752,048	590,890	78.04	83,794	11.07	73,024	9.64	9,474	1.25
Census 1931 ¹ ...	1,035,821	759,712	73.34	174,610	16.86	91,398	8.82	9,680	0.93
Estimate 1943 ²	1,676,571	1,128,715	60.76	502,912	29.99	131,281	7.83	13,663	0.80
Estimate 1944 ³	1,764,520	1,061,270	60.1	553,600	31.3	135,550	7.6	14,100	0.80
Estimate 1945 ³ (Sept. 30)	1,788,826	1,088,897	60.9	547,346	30.6	137,805	7.7	14,778	0.80

¹ These figures are quoted from Handbook of Palestine, London 1934, by Luke and Keith-Roach.

² Palestine Statistical Abstract, 1943.

³ General Monthly Bulletin of Current Statistics of the Palestine Government, Jan.-Mar., 1946.

TABLE 8

JEWISH POPULATION OF PALESTINE BY AGE GROUPS¹

Age Group	Total No.	Per cent	Male	Female
Under 10.....	117,000	19.7	60,200	56,800
10-19	96,700	16.4	50,500	46,200
20-29	98,400	16.6	49,300	49,100
30-39.....	116,400	19.7	59,000	57,400
40-49	86,300	14.6	44,000	42,300
50 and over.....	77,200	13.0	38,000	39,200
TOTAL.....	592,000	100.0	301,000	291 000

¹ Prepared by the Statistical Department of the Jewish Agency for Palestine.

TABLE 9
JEWISH POPULATION OF PALESTINE BY URBAN AND
RURAL AREAS¹

Urban Areas	No. of Settlements	Population	Per cent
Cities.....	6	380,400	64.3
Urban Settlements.....	21	58,800	9.9
Urban Total.....	27	439,200	74.2
Large rural settlements.....	8	61,500	10.4
Private villages.....	36	19,200	3.2
Cooperative villages.....	35	13,200	2.2
Workers' cooperatives.....	63	18,000	3.1
Collective farm settlements.....	116	37,400	6.3
School-farms.....	8	3,500	0.6
Rural Total.....	266	152,800	25.8
GENERAL TOTAL.....	293	592,000	100.0

¹ See footnote to Table 8.

TABLE 10
ESTIMATED JEWISH POPULATION OF AFRICA

Country	1939	1945
Abyssinia.....	51,000	51,000
Algeria.....	110,000	120,000
Egypt.....	75,000	75,000
French Morocco.....	161,300	175,000
Libya.....	26,000	26,000
Southern Rhodesia.....	3,500	3,500
Spanish Morocco.....	12,000	15,000
Tangier.....	10,000	10,000
Tunisia.....	66,000	66,000
Union of S. Africa.....	95,000	98,000
TOTAL.....	609,800	639,500

B. IMMIGRATION OF JEWS TO THE UNITED STATES

1. Present Status

In 1943 Earl G. Harrison, then Commissioner of the Immigration and Naturalization Service of the Department of Justice, ordered the elimination of the term "Hebrew" from the classification of immigrants by race or people, and from the manifests used by transportation companies and from the statistical forms used by the United States Government. According to this order, the "race designation of persons formerly recorded as Hebrew will now be governed by the country of their origin."

As a result of this ruling, no official statistics are available regarding the number of Jewish immigrants who came to the United States after June 30, 1943. The following estimate, however, has been prepared for the *American Jewish Year Book* by Mrs. Dorothy F. Tate, Supervisor of the Division of Statistics of the National Refugee Service.

"Total immigration to the United States July 1943-December 1945 was 93,465 (28,551 in the Government fiscal year 1944; 38,119 in 1945 and 26,795 in the first half of the fiscal year 1946). If we estimate the percentage of Jewish immigration on the basis of the ratio of Jewish to total immigration which prevailed from 1933 through 1943 (33.6%), the result is approximately 31,400 Jewish immigrants arriving from July 1, 1943 through December 31, 1945.

"It may be argued that this is too high or too low. There were two years within this eleven year period when the ratio of "Hebrew" to total immigration was over 50%, and we do know that many Jews may have declared themselves German or Polish rather than "Hebrew" by "race" or "people." However, for the last three years used as the base, the trend of Jewish to total immigration was decidedly downward, having reached 19.8% in 1943, and until 1939, it was below the 33.6% figure used as the average."

2. From 1881 to 1943

A summary of Jewish immigration to the United States from 1881 through 1943 is presented in the tables that follow. The net increase in Jewish immigration, admissions minus departures, dur-

ing this period was 2,499,154. The detailed figures by periods and individual years are shown in Tables 11 and 12 respectively. Of the earlier periods of Jewish immigration to the United States, which were made up chiefly of immigrants from Spain, Portugal, and Holland, and from Germany, no reliable statistics are available. Such statistics were recorded only beginning in 1881, but these are not complete for the entire period since then. For the seventeen years from 1881 to 1898, we have statistics only for the number of Jews admitted at the ports of New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore. For the next eight years (1899-1907) we have figures for the number of Jews admitted at all ports. It is only since 1908 that statistics of departure as well as of arrivals have been recorded.

Notwithstanding these deficiencies and gaps, we are in a position to arrive at an approximate figure for the total Jewish immigration since 1881. From 1908, when the number of departures began to be recorded, up to 1914, after which the World War and restrictive legislation interrupted the free flow of immigration, the percentage of Jews departing to those admitted was 7.14%. We may assume that the same percentage held good during the period 1899-1907 for which we have complete figures for Jewish admissions. If this assumption is correct, the number of Jews admitted during those years totalled 829,244. For the period from 1881-1898 we have figures only for Jews admitted at the ports of New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore. We may perhaps assume that the number of departures during those years equalled the number of admissions at other ports; in other words, that the total number of Jews admitted at all ports equalled the number admitted at the three ports mentioned, namely, 533, 478. Adding the net increases for these two periods, thus arrived at, to the net increase from 1908 to 1943, for which official statistics are available, we find that the total net increase of the Jewish population of the United States as a result of immigration was 2,499,154 for the sixty-three years from 1881 to 1943.

Table 12, which is a summary of the immigration and emigration, to and from the United States, since 1881, shows the fluctuations in the annual averages of the number of Jews who arrived, caused in turn by the World War, the postwar condition of European Jews, the operation of the several quota restriction laws and the executive order of 1931 for the strict application of the "likely to become a public charge" provision of the immigration law, and the expulsive force of persecution in Germany.

TABLE 11
SUMMARY OF JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES, 1881-1943

Period	Admissions				Departures			Net Increase		
	Total	Jews	Average No. of Jews per Year	P. C. Jews to Total	Total	Jews	P. C. to Admissions		Total	Jews
							Total	Jews		
1881-1898	8,173,890									
1899-1907	6,974,447	829,244	92,138	11.89	59,208 ¹	46,838	33.55	7.14	533,478 ¹	770,036 ¹
1908-1914	6,709,357	656,397	93,771	9.78	2,063,767	3,470	30.76	7.14	4,645,590	609,559
1915-1920	1,602,680	79,921	13,320	4.99	906,538	483	56.56	4.34	696,142	76,451
1921	805,228	119,036	119,036	14.78	247,718	1,503	30.76	0.41	557,510	118,553
1922-1924	1,539,371	153,232	51,077	9.95	356,951	1,597	23.19	0.98	1,182,420	151,729
1925-1930	1,762,610	67,686	11,281	3.84	440,407	2,112	24.99	2.36	1,322,203	66,089
1931-1936	256,538	26,027	4,338	10.14	359,680	2,112	140.20	8.11	-103,142	23,915
1937-1943	376,175	150,533	21,507	40.02	129,643	1,204	34.33	0.80	246,532	149,344
1908-1943	13,051,959	1,252,832	—	9.60	4,504,704	57,207	34.51	4.57	8,547,255	1,195,640
1881-1943	28,200,296									2,499,154

¹ Admission at the ports of New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore.

Estimated. See p. 651.

TABLE 12
SUMMARY OF JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES, 1908-1943

Year	Admissions			Departures			Net Increase		
	Total	Jews	P. C. Jews to Total	Total	Jews	P. C. to Admissions	Total	Jews	P. C. Jews to Total
1908-1914...	6,709,357	656,397	9.78	2,063,767	46,838	30.76	4,645,590	609,559	13.12
1915-1920...	1,602,680	79,921	4.99	906,538	3,470	56.56	696,142	76,451	10.98
1921.....	805,228	119,036	14.7	247,718	483	30.76	557,510	118,553	21.2
1922.....	309,556	53,524	17.3	198,712	830	64.2	110,844	52,694	47.5
1923.....	522,919	49,719	9.5	81,450	413	15.57	441,469	49,306	11.16
1924.....	706,896	49,989	7.07	76,789	260	10.8	630,107	49,729	7.89
1925.....	294,314	10,292	3.5	92,728	291	31.51	201,586	10,001	4.96
1926.....	304,488	10,267	3.3	76,992	341	25.2	227,496	9,926	4.3
1927.....	335,175	11,483	3.4	73,366	224	21.8	261,809	11,259	4.3
1928.....	307,255	11,639	3.8	77,437	253	25.21	229,798	11,386	4.95
1929.....	279,678	12,479	4.46	69,203	189	24.74	210,475	12,290	5.84
1930.....	241,700	11,526	4.77	50,661	299	20.96	191,039	11,227	5.88
1931.....	97,139	5,692	5.86	61,882	319	63.70	35,257	5,373	15.24
1932.....	35,576	2,755	7.74	103,295	452	290.35	—67,719	2,303	—
1933.....	23,068	2,372	10.28	80,081	384	347.15	—57,013	1,988	—
1934.....	29,470	4,134	14.03	39,771	319	134.96	—10,301	3,815	—
1935.....	34,956	4,837	13.84	38,834	330	111.09	—	4,507	—
1936.....	36,329	6,252	17.21	35,817	308	98.59	—	5,944	—
1937.....	50,244	11,352	22.59	26,736	232	53.21	23,508	11,120	47.30
1938.....	67,895	19,736	29.07	25,210	255	37.13	42,685	19,481	45.64
1939.....	82,998	43,450	52.35	26,651	176	32.11	56,347	43,274	76.80
1940.....	70,756	36,945	52.21	21,461	150	30.33	49,295	36,795	74.64
1941.....	51,776	23,737	45.85	17,115	186	33.06	34,661	23,551	67.95
1942.....	28,781	10,608	36.86	7,363	117	25.58	21,418	10,491	48.98
1943.....	23,725	4,705	19.83	5,107	88	21.53	18,618	4,617	24.80
Total....	13,051,959	1,252,847	9.60	4,504,704	57,207	34.51	8,547,255	1,195,640	13.99

C. JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO OTHER AMERICAN COUNTRIES

Canada.—During the year ending March 31, 1944, a total of 238 Jews entered Canada (182 from the United States), 2.63% of the total.

Other American Countries.—Through the good offices of the HIAS, we have figures for Jewish immigration to Brazil, Uruguay and Argentina.

Brazil.—During 1942, 108 Jews entered Brazil, and during 1943, 11. No information is available for 1944, but during 1945 there were 50 immigrants. The number of Jewish immigrants to Brazil from 1925 to 1945 totalled 50,943.

Uruguay.—During 1943, 17 Jews entered Uruguay. From 1927 to 1943, the number of Jewish immigrants to Uruguay totalled 19,535.

Argentina.—Complete figures are available of immigration to Argentina from 1901 to 1944. From 1901 to 1924, 133,461 Jews entered the country. In the years that followed, as our table indicates, we find that the the number of Jews admitted varied from 7,805 in 1930, to 384 in 1944; the number admitted in 1943 was 524 and in 1945, 728. The total number of Jewish immigrants to Argentina in the forty-five years from 1901 to 1945 was 208,678.

TABLE 13
SUMMARY OF JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO CANADA, 1901-1944

Year	Total	Jews ¹	Per Cent Jews to To- tal	Year	Total	Jews ¹	Per Cent Jews to To- tal
1901	49,149	2,765	5.6	1924	148,560	4,255	2.8
1902	67,379	1,015	1.5	1925	111,362	4,459	4.
1903	128,364	2,066	1.6	1926	96,064	4,014	4.18
1904	130,331	3,727	2.8	1927	143,991	4,863	3.38
1905	146,266	7,715	5.2	1928	151,597	4,766	3.14
1906	189,064	7,127	3.8	1929	167,722	3,848	2.29
1907	124,667	6,584	5.2	1930	163,288	4,164	2.55
1908	262,469	7,712	2.9	1931	88,223	3,421	3.88
1909	146,908	1,636	1.1	1932	25,752	649	2.52
1910	208,794	3,182	1.5	1933	19,782	772	3.90
1911	311,084	5,146	1.6	1934	13,903	943	6.06
1912	354,237	5,322	1.5	1935	12,136	624	5.14
1913	402,432	7,387	1.8	1936	11,103	880	7.93
1914	384,878	11,252	2.9	1937	12,023	619	5.15
1915	144,789	3,107	2.1	1938	15,645	584	3.73
1916	48,537	65	.1	1939	17,128	890	5.20
1917	75,374	136	.1	1940	16,205	1,623	10.02
1918	79,074	32	0.4	1941	11,496	626	5.45
1919	57,702	22	0.04	1942	8,865	388	4.38
1920	117,336	116	.09	1943	7,445	270	3.63
1921	148,477	2,763	1.9	1944	9,040	238	2.63
1922	89,999	8,404	9.3				
1923	72,887	2,793	3.8	Total	5,991,527	132,970	2.22

¹ The figures for the Jews entering Canada during 1901-1925 are exclusive of those who entered from the United States.

TABLE 14

JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO BRAZIL, URUGUAY, AND ARGENTINA

Year	Number of Jewish Immigrants		
	Brazil	Uruguay	Argentina
01-1924.....	—	—	133,461
1925.....	2,624	—	6,920
1926.....	3,901	—	7,534
1927.....	4,167	771	5,584
1928.....	3,193	1,500	6,812
1929.....	5,610	2,400	5,986
1930.....	3,558	1,600	7,805
1931.....	1,985	1,250	3,692
1932.....	2,049	1,083	2,755
1933.....	3,317	411	1,962
1934.....	3,794	500	2,215
1935.....	1,758	776	3,159
1936.....	3,418	1,262	4,261
1937.....	2,003	1,530	4,178
1938.....	530	3,115	1,050
1939.....	4,601	2,170	4,300
1940.....	2,416	373	1,850
1941.....	1,500	639	2,200
1942.....	108	138	1,318
1943.....	11	17	524
1944.....	—	—	384
1945.....	50	—	728
Total 1901-1945...	50,943	19,535	208,678

D. JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO PALESTINE

The last full year for which figures of net Jewish and non-Jewish immigration to Palestine were given was 1941 (Vol. 45, pp. 596-599). Herewith are presented comparable immigration figures for the years 1942, 1943, and 1944 and up to November 30, 1945. These figures are derived from the Palestine Statistical Abstract, 1943, and the Palestine General Monthly Bulletin of Current Statistics, February 1945 and January-March 1946, published in Jerusalem by the Palestine Government.

TABLE 15
IMMIGRATION TO PALESTINE, 1942-1945

Year	Total	Jews	P. C. Jews to Total
1942.....	3,052	2,194	71.8
1943.....	9,867	8,507	86.
1944.....	24,093	20,848	86.5
1945 (Nov. 30)	13,408	11,835	88.2

From 1917 to 1944

From the date of the British occupation of Palestine, December 9, 1917, to the end of 1944, a total of 366,419 Jews entered the country, the yearly number varying between 61,854 in 1935 and 2,178 in 1928. The number of Jews that departed between December 9, 1917 and the end of 1921, was small. But, during the decade from 1922 to 1931, a total of 27,809 Jews emigrated, or 29.53% of the number admitted. Figures for emigration during the second half of 1932 and the years 1933-1935 are not available. During the ten years 1922-1931, the yearly emigration of Jews varied between 666 in 1931 and 7,365 in 1926; and the percentage of Jewish emigration to Jewish immigration varied between 6.36% in 1925 and 99.54% in 1928, (in 1936 it was 2.60%) while in 1927, Jewish emigration exceeded Jewish immigration by 86.92%. The net immigration of Jews during 1922-1931 was 66,353. One year, 1927, shows a decrease of 2,358 Jews, but all other years witnessed an increase of Jewish immigration over emigration, varying between 10 in 1928 and 31,650 in 1925.

TABLE 16
SUMMARY OF JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO PALESTINE, 1917-1944

YEAR	Immigration			Emigration			Net Increase or Decrease			P. C. Jewish Immigrants to Total	Jewish Emigrants Per 1000 Immigrants
	Total	Jews	Non-Jews	Total	Jews	Non-Jews	Total	Jews	Non-Jews		
Dec. 9, 1917, to May 1921	14,101	14,101	*	2,939	1,503	1,436	5,189	6,341	-1,152 ¹	96.51	192
June to Dec. 1921.....	4,861	4,784	77	4,947	3,466	1,481	3,044	3,955	-911 ¹	92.87	467
1922.....	8,128	7,844	284	4,947	3,466	1,481	3,044	3,955	-911 ¹	92.87	467
1923.....	7,991	7,421	570	4,947	3,466	1,481	3,044	3,955	-911 ¹	92.87	467
1924.....	13,553	12,856	697	2,511	2,037	474	11,042	10,819	223	94.86	158
1925.....	34,641	33,801	840	4,100	2,151	1,949	30,541	31,650	-1,109 ¹	97.58	64
1926.....	13,910	13,081	829	9,429	7,365	2,064	4,481	5,716	-1,235 ¹	94.04	563
1927.....	3,595	2,713	882	6,978	5,071	1,907	-3,383 ¹	-2,358 ¹	-1,025 ¹	75.47	1,869
1928.....	3,086	2,178	908	3,122	2,168	954	-361	10	-461	70.58	995
1929.....	6,566	5,249	1,317	2,835	1,746	1,089	3,731	3,503	228	79.94	333
1930.....	6,433	4,944	1,489	2,911	1,636	1,275	3,522	3,308	214	76.85	331
1931.....	5,533	4,075	1,458	1,346	666	680	4,187	3,409	778	73.65	163
1922-1931.....	103,436	94,162	9,274	41,118	27,809	13,309	62,318	66,353	-4,035 ¹	91.03	295
1932-1935.....	151,555	144,093	7,462	*	*	*	*	*	*	95.08	—
1936.....	31,671	29,727	1,944	1,178	773	405	30,493	28,954	1,541	93.86	26
1937.....	12,475	10,536	1,939	1,528	889	639	10,947	9,647	1,300	84.46	84
1938.....	15,263	12,868	2,395	1,811	1,095	716	13,452	11,773	1,679	84.31	85
1939.....	18,433	16,405	2,028	1,996	1,019	977	16,437	15,386	1,051	89.00	62
1940.....	5,611	4,547	1,064	1,185	693	492	4,426	3,854	572	81.04	152
1941.....	4,270	3,647	623	1,216	426	790	3,054	3,221	-167 ¹	85.41	117
1942.....	3,052	2,194	858								
1943.....	9,867	8,507	1,360								
1944.....	24,093	20,848	3,245								
1917-1944.....	398,688	366,419	32,269								

¹ Decrease.

* Figures not available.