

STATISTICS OF JEWS

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INTRODUCTORY NOTE

In the present article on Statistics of Jews, all tables which have been previously published have been revised and brought up to date, and several tables have been completed and re-cast.

The special feature of the present article is a study of the Jews in Hungary on the basis of the census of 1920, with 17 tables. These tables show the distribution of the Jews in that country, the status of Jewish education in that year compared with the two years preceding and two years following 1920, the communal organization of the Jews in that year, and other matters bearing on the status of the Jews. With regard to education, the tables also show the disastrous effects of the Education Act of 1920 (the so-called *Numerus Clausus* law) on Jewish education in Hungary.

With regard to Jewish population statistics, it should be borne in mind that the figures arrived at on the basis of a religious or nationality census are likely to be inaccurate to some extent. This is partly due to the fact that there is sometimes a tendency on the part of census enumerators to minimize the number of persons of a minority religion or nationality, and partly because some Jews report their nationality as that of the majority population, or decline to answer the question as to religion or nationality.

LIST OF TABLES

A. JEWISH POPULATION OF THE WORLD

- I: List of the Countries of the WORLD Having a Jewish Population.
- II: Distribution of Jewish Population of the WORLD by Continents.
- III: Distribution of Jewish Population of AMERICA by Geographical Divisions and Countries.
- IV: Distribution of Jewish Population of EUROPE by Geographical Divisions and Countries.
- V: Distribution of Jewish Population of ASIA by Geographical Divisions and Countries.
- VI: Distribution of Jewish Population of AFRICA by Geographical Divisions and Countries.
- VII: Distribution of Jewish Population of AUSTRALASIA by Countries.
- VIII: List of Important CITIES and Their Jewish Population According to Latest Published Statistics.

B. JEWS OF THE UNITED STATES

- IX: List of Estimates of the Number of Jews in the United States, Made Between 1818 and 1920.
- X: List of States, Territories and Outlying Possessions, the Total Population in 1920, and the Number of Jews in 1917-1918 and in 1920, in Alphabetical Order.
- XI: List of Cities in the United States Having One Thousand or More Jewish Inhabitants.
- XII: Distribution of the Jews of the United States by Geographical Divisions, Sub-divisions, and States, 1920.
- XIII: Distribution of the Jews of the City of New York by Boroughs, 1920.

C. JEWISH IMMIGRATION INTO THE UNITED STATES

- XIV: A Summary of Jewish Immigration to the United States, 1881-1925.
- XV: Jewish Immigrants Admitted at the Ports of New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, 1881-1898.
- XVI: Total Number of Immigrants and Number of Jewish Immigrants Admitted, 1899-1907.
- XVII: Total Number of Immigrants and Number of Jewish Immigrants Admitted, Departed, and Net Increase, 1908-1925.
- XVIII: Total Number of Immigrants and Number of Jewish Immigrants Rejected on Application for Admission and Those Departed from the United States after Admission, 1899-1926.

- XIX: Total Number of Immigrants, Number of Non-Jewish Immigrants, and Number of Jewish Immigrants, Admitted, Departed, Increase, Debarred, and Departed, Year Ended June 30, 1926.
- XX: Distribution of Total Number of Immigrants, Non-Jewish Immigrants, and Jewish Immigrants on the Basis of the Destination Given by the Immigrants at Their Ports of Entrance, Year Ended June 30, 1926.
- XXI: Countries of Origin of the Total Number of Immigrants, Non-Jewish Immigrants, and Jewish Immigrants, Year Ended June 30, 1926.
- XXII: Age of Total Number of Immigrants, of Non-Jewish Immigrants, and of Jewish Immigrants, Admitted During Year Ended June 30, 1926.
- XXIII: Sex of Total Number of Immigrants, of Non-Jewish Immigrants, and of Jewish Immigrants, Year Ended June 30, 1926.
- XXIV: Total number of Immigrants, Number of Non-Jewish Immigrants, and Number of Jewish Immigrants Who Came to Join Relatives, Friends, and Those Who Had no Relatives or Friends, Year Ended June 30, 1926.
- XXV: Total Number of Immigrants, Number of Non-Jewish Immigrants, and Number of Jewish Immigrants, Admitted, Departed, Increase, Debarred, and Departed, During July-December, 1926.

D. JEWISH IMMIGRATION INTO CANADA

- XXVI: Total Number of Immigrants, and Number of Jewish Immigrants Admitted to Canada, 1901-1926.

E. JEWISH IMMIGRATION INTO ARGENTINA

- XXVII: Total and Jewish Immigration into Argentina, 1913-1915, and 1919-1926.

F. JEWISH IMMIGRATION INTO PALESTINE

- XXVIII: Summary of Immigration and Emigration of Jews and Non-Jews 1917-1926.
- XXIX: The Total Number of Immigrants by Months, 1923-1925.
- XXX: Sex and Age of Immigrants, 1922-1926.
- XXXI: Immigration, Emigration, Number of Persons Refused Admittance, and Net Increase of Jews and Non-Jews, 1926.

APPENDIX: THE JEWS OF HUNGARY, CENSUS OF 1920.

- I: Total Population and the Number of Jews in the Country by Districts, 1920.
- II: Total Population and the Number of Jews, 1910 and 1920.
- III: Births, Deaths, and Natural Increase, 1920-1922.
- IV: Marriages, Mixed Marriages, and Divorces, 1920-1922.
- V: Illegitimacy Among Jews and Non-Jews, 1920-1922.
- VI: Primary Education.
- VII: Primary Normal Schools.
- VIII: Secondary Education.
- IX: Persons Passing the Baccalaureate Examinations.
- X: Number and Distribution of the Jewish Students in the Schools and Faculties for Higher Learning, Second Semester of 1918-1919 to 1921-1922.
- XI: Higher Normal Schools, 1918-1919 to 1921-1922.
- XII: Professional Training 1918-1919 to 1921-1922.
- XIII: Institutions of a Philanthropic Character, 1919-1920 and 1921-1922.
- XIV: Illiteracy, 1920.
- XV: Jewish Religious Communities, 1919-1922.
- XVI: Conversion and Apostasy.
- XVII: Persons Found Guilty of Crimes and Persons Who Confessed, 1921 and 1922.

A. THE JEWISH POPULATION OF THE WORLD

The total Jewish population of the world is over 14,600,000 persons scattered over the whole earth. Almost every country in the world has its Jewish population. The table below gives a list of the countries, the number of the Jewish population of which is known.

TABLE I
A LIST OF THE COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD AND THEIR JEWS¹

Name of Country	Number of Jews	Name of Country	Number of Jews
Abyssinia	50,000	Mexico	16,000
Aden and Perim	3,747	Morocco (French)	117,512
Afghanistan	18,135	Morocco (Spanish)	18,000
Alaska	500	Netherlands ²	150,000
Algeria	100,000	New Zealand ²	2,380
Arabia	25,000	Norway ²	1,457
Argentina ²	200,000	Palestine ²	157,800e
Australia ²	21,615	Panama Canal Zone	750
Austria	350,000	Paraguay ²	400
Azerbaijan	24,676c	Persia	40,000
Belgium	44,000	Philippine Islands	500
Brazil	21,000	Poland ²	2,854,000
British Empire	514,442	Porto Rico	200
British Malaya	703	Portugal	1,000
Bulgaria	43,232	Portuguese East Africa (Mozambique)	100
Canada ²	126,196	Rhodesia (Northern)	110
Chile ²	2,000	Rhodesia (Southern)	1,289
China ²	12,000	Roumania ²	900,000
Congo (Belgian)	177	Russia (R. S. F. S. R.) ²	518,260
Crimea ²	51,516	Russia (R. S. F. S. R.) in Europe ²	2,662,139
Cuba	8,200	Russia (U. S. S. R.)	2,820,429
Curacao	565	Russia (U. S. S. R.) in Asia ²	114,953
Cyprus	195	Saar Region	5,000
Czecho-Slovakia ²	354,342	Serb-Croat-Slovene Sta. Siberia	64,159
Danzig ²	9,239	S. W. Africa	44,725
Denmark ²	5,947	Spain	200
Dominican Republic	55	Surinam (Dutch Guiana) Syria and Lebanon ²	4,000
Egypt ²	59,581	Sweden	818
Estonia	4,566	Switzerland ²	35,000
Finland	1,618	Tanganyika (German East Africa)	6,469
France	200,000	Tangier Zone	20,979
France and Possessions	551,000	Trans-Caucasian Rep.	10
Georgia	23,433e	Tunisia ²	12,000
Germany	615,000	Turkey in Asia	57,608
Gibraltar ²	1,123	Turkey in Europe	65,000
Great Britain	297,000	Ukraine ²	70,000
Greece	125,000	Union of South Africa ²	120,000
Hawaii	77	United States (Contin'l) United States and Possessions	1,795,540
Hong Kong	150	Uruguay	62,103
Hungary	473,310	Uzbek and Turcoman Republics	3,600,800
India	21,778	Venezuela	150
Indo-China (French) ²	1,000	Virgin Islands	25,683
Iraq	87,488	West Russia (Gov't of Witebsk)	411
Irish Free State ²	5,148	White Russia	70
Italy	50,000		115,613
Jamaica	1,250		395,184
Japan	1,000		
Kenya	100		
Kirghizia ²	2,120		
Latvia	95,675		
Libya ²	20,000		
Lithuania ²	155,125		
Luxemburg ²	1,353		
Malta	35		

¹Based on the latest official census or authoritative estimate. For details see tables III to VII. See also explanatory notes following Table VIII.

²See notes on Tables I—VIII.

Although Jews live all over the world, the density of the Jewish population varies. Of the 14,780,000 Jews in the world, nearly two-thirds live in Europe and over 26% live in North and South America. Asia, Africa, and Australasia together have but 8.9% of the total Jewish population: Asia, 3.8%, Africa, 3.9%, and Australasia, 1.1%.

TABLE II
DISTRIBUTION OF THE JEWISH POPULATION OF THE
WORLD BY CONTINENTS

Continent	Jewish Population	Per Cent of Total
Europe.....	9,621,111	65.17
North and South America.....	3,979,365	26.91
Africa.....	588,670	3.97
Asia.....	570,138	3.79
Australasia.....	24,578	.16
Total.....	14,783,862	100.00

AMERICA

Of the Jews who live on the American continent, 3,741,988 dwell in North America and the West Indies, where they constitute 2.7% of the total population, and 108,204 in Central and South America, forming .23% of the total population. In North America the Jews are concentrated in Continental United States (3.4%) and in Canada (1.43%). In South America more than 92% of the Jews live in Argentina, where, however, they constitute only 1.1% of the total population.

TABLE III
DISTRIBUTION OF JEWISH POPULATION OF AMERICA BY
GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS AND COUNTRIES

Name	Gen. Population	Yr.	Jewish Population	Yr.	Per Cent
NORTH AMERICA AND WEST INDIES					
Canada ²	8,788,483c.	1921	126,196c. ¹	1921	1.43
United States (Continental).....	105,710,620c.	1920	3,600,800e.	1920	3.4
Alaska.....	55,036c.	1920	500e.	1917	
Cuba.....	2,889,004c.	1918	8,200e.	1925	
Dominican Republic.....	897,405c.	1921	55c.	1921	.006
Jamaica.....	858,188c.	1921	1,250c.	1921	.14
Mexico.....	14,234,799c.	1921	16,000e.	1927	
Panama Canal Zone.....			750e.	1926	
Porto Rico.....	1,299,809c.	1920	200e.	1917	
Virgin Islands.....	26,051c.	1917	70e.	1923	
Total.....	134,759,395		3,754,021		
SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA					
Argentina ²	9,548,092c.	1924	200,000e.	1924	2.09
Brazil.....	30,635,605c.	1920	21,000e.	1924	
Chile ²	3,754,723c.	1920	2,000e.	1924	
Curacao.....	56,371c.	1923	565c.	1920	
Paraguay.....	1,000,000c.	1917	400e.	1924	
Surinam.....	133,561c.	1923	818c.	1923	.13
Uruguay.....	1,564,620c.	1922	150c.	1910	
Venezuela.....	2,411,952c.	1920	411c.	1894	
Total.....	49,104,924		225,344		.46
Grand Total.....	183,864,319		3,979,365		

¹The letter "c" following a figure indicates that it is based on a census, "e" that it is based on an estimate.

²See notes on Tables I—VIII.

EUROPE

The bulk of the Jews of Europe live in a group of adjacent countries located in the center of the continent, which region may be designated as the "Jewish" Central Europe. In it the Jews form 6.57% of the total population. In the countries to the north of this "Jewish" Central Europe, Jews form not more than .33% of the total population; while in the countries to the west and south of that region the Jewish numbers represent .66% of the total population.

TABLE IV
DISTRIBUTION OF JEWISH POPULATION OF EUROPE BY
GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISION AND COUNTRIES

Name	Gen. Population	Yr.	Jewish Population	Yr.	Per Cent
WESTERN AND SOUTHERN EUROPE					
Belgium	7,666,055e.	1923	44,000e.	1921	
Bulgaria	5,008,000e.	1923	43,232c.	1920	
Cyprus	310,715c.	1921	195c.	1921	.06
Danzig ²	383,995c.	1924	9,239c.	1924	2.4
Denmark ²	3,267,831c.	1921	5,947c.	1921	.18
France	40,743,851c.	1926	200,000e.	1926	
Germany	62,348,782c.	1925	615,000e.	1922	
Gibraltar ²	22,018c.	1921	1,123c.	1920	
Great Britain	42,918,253c.	1921	297,000e.	1924	
Greece	5,536,375c.	1920	125,000e.	1925	2.25
Irish Free State ²	3,139,688c.	1911	5,148c.	1911	.16
Italy	38,755,576c.	1921	50,000e.	1924	
Luxemburg ²	260,767c.	1922	1,353c.	1922	.52
Malta and Gozo	224,680c.	1921	35e.	1920	
Netherlands ²	6,865,314c.	1920	150,000e.	1925	
Portugal	6,032,991c.	1920	1,000e.	1921	
Saar Region	500,000e.	1920	5,000e.	1920	1.00
Serb-Croat-Slovene State	12,017,323c.	1920	64,159c.	1920	.53
Spain	21,347,335c.	1920	4,000e.	1920	.02
Switzerland	3,888,320c.	1920	20,979c.	1920	.54
Turkey (Eur.) ²	1,872,697e.	1922	120,000e.	1923	
Total	263,110,566		1,762,410		.7
CENTRAL EUROPE					
Austria	6,535,759c.	1923	350,000e.	1920	
Czecho-Slovakia ²	13,613,172c.	1921	354,342c.	1921	2.7
Hungary	7,987,143c.	1920	473,310c.	1920	6.0
Latvia	1,844,805c.	1925	95,675c.	1925	5.18
Lithuania ²	2,203,312e.	1925	155,125c.	1923	
Poland ²	27,192,674c.	1921	2,854,000e.	1921	10.49
Roumania ²	17,700,000e.	1925	900,000e.	1925	5.5
Russia (U.S.S.R.) in Europe ²					
Crimea ²	7,616,000e.	1923	51,516c.	1920	
West Russia (Gov't of Witebsk) ²	1,353,078c.	1920	115,613c.	1920	7.15
White Russia ²	2,444,675e.	1924	395,184c.	1920	
Ukraine ²	26,178,000e.	1924	1,795,540c.	1920	
Total	114,668,618		7,540,305		.61
NORTHERN EUROPE					
Estonia	1,110,538c.	1922	4,566c.	1922	.41
Finland	3,366,507c.	1920	1,618c.	1920	.05
Norway ²	2,646,306c.	1920	1,457c.	1920	.06
Russia (R. S. F. S. R. exclusive of Crimea and West Russia) ²	82,850,000e.	1924	304,286c.	1920	
Sweden	5,904,489c.	1920	6,469c.	1920	.11
Total	95,877,840		318,396		.33
Grand Total	470,185,993		9,621,111		2.04

ASIA

On the continent of Asia the Jews live in concentrated numbers only in Palestine and in the Arabic-speaking countries to the north, east, and south of Palestine. In this region the Jews form 1.6% of the total population. In the adjacent countries of Asia Minor, Central Asia, and Northern Asia, the Jews constitute .34% of the total population. In the countries to the east and south, namely, India, China, and Japan, the number of Jews is comparatively very small, being only .005% of the total population. However, the percentage of the Jewish population to the total white population is considerable in some of those countries.

TABLE V

DISTRIBUTION OF JEWISH POPULATION OF ASIA BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS AND COUNTRIES

Name	Gen. Population	Yr.	Jewish Population	Yr.	Per Cent
PALESTINE AND NEIGHBORING COUNTRIES					
Palestine ²	887,000e.	1926	157,800e.	1926	
Arabia.....	10,000,000e.	1921	25,000e.		
Aden.....	54,923c.	1920	3,747c.	1911	6.82
Iraq.....	2,849,282c.	1921	87,488c.	1920	3.1
Syria and Lebanon ²	2,439,082c.	1922	35,000e.	1922	
Total.....	16,230,287		309,035		1.8
ASIA MINOR, CENTRAL AND NORTHERN ASIA					
Afghanistan.....	12,000,000e.	1925	18,135e.		
Azerbaijan.....	2,205,200e.	1926	24,676c.	1923	
Georgia.....	2,541,400e.	1926	23,433c.	1922	
Kirghizia ²	5,058,553c.	1923	2,120c.	1920	
Persia.....	10,000,000e.		40,000e.		
Siberia.....	11,069,550c.	1920	44,725c.	1920	.4
Turkey in Asia.....	11,879,300e.	1922	70,000e.	1923	
Uzbek and Turcoman Republics ² ..	5,194,700e.	1926	25,683c.	1923	
Total.....	59,948,703		244,272		.32
EASTERN AND SOUTHERN ASIA					
British Malaya.....	3,358,054c.	1921	703c.	1921	.02
China ²	318,653,000e.	1911	12,000e.	1921	
Hong Kong.....	625,166c.	1921	150e.	1920	
India, States and Agencies.....	318,942,480c.	1921	21,778c.	1921	.01
Indo-China (French) ²	16,813,090c.	1914	1,000e.	1924	
Japan.....	59,460,252c.	1922	1,000e.	1922	.001
Total.....	717,851,952		36,631		.005
Grand Total!.....	794,030,942		589,938		

AFRICA

The great majority of the Jews of Africa live in the northern part of the continent in the Arabic-speaking countries along the Mediterranean Sea and the Atlantic Ocean. The combined population of these countries, of 27,554,098 includes 459,581 Jews, 1.67%. There are also Jewish communities in the central part of the African continent, the so-called Black Africa, where the Jews constitute a considerable percentage of the white European populations. This is especially the case in the Union of South Africa where the Jews form 4.1% of the white population of 1,519,488 in that country. There are said to be 50,000 Falashas in East Africa (Abyssinia).

TABLE VI

DISTRIBUTION OF JEWISH POPULATION OF AFRICA BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS AND COUNTRIES

Name	Gen. Population	Yr.	Jewish Population	Yr.	Per Cent
NORTHERN PART (ARABIC-SPEAKING COUNTRIES)					
Algeria.....	6,064,865c.	1926	100,000e.	1926	
Egypt ¹	12,750,918c.	1917	59,581c.	1917	.5
Libya ²	800,000e.	1921	20,000e.	1919	
Morocco (French) ²	4,216,824e.	1926	117,512e.	1926	
Morocco (Spanish).....	550,000e.	1921	18,000e.	1916	
Tangier Zone.....	52,000e.	1922	12,000e.	1922	23.08
Tunis ²	2,059,708c.	1926	65,000e.	1926	3.1
Total.....	26,494,315		392,093		
EASTERN PART					
Abyssinia.....	10,000,000e.	1925	50,000e.	1922	
SOUTHERN PART (BLACK AFRICA)					
Congo (Belgian).....	8,510,037		177e.	1923	
Kenya.....	2,344,000e.	1921	100e.	1924	
Portuguese East Africa (Mozambique).....	3,120,000e.		100e.	1923	
Rhodesia:					
North Rhodesia.....	931,500e.	1921	110c.	1921	.16
South Rhodesia.....	803,620c.	1921	1,289c.	1921	.01
South-West Africa.....	227,732e.	1921	200e.	1925	
Tanganyika (German East Africa).....	4,107,000c.	1921	10e.	1923	
Union of South Africa ²	6,928,580c.	1921	62,103c.	1921	.9
Total.....	26,972,469		64,089		.24
Grand Total.....	63,466,784		506,182		

¹See notes.

AUSTRALASIA

Only 24,645 Jews live in Australasia, constituting .14% of the total population. Of that number, 21,615 Jews live in Australia, where they constitute .37% of the total population.

TABLE VII
DISTRIBUTION OF JEWS OF AUSTRALASIA BY COUNTRIES

Name	Gen. Population	Yr.	Jewish Population	Yr.	Per Cent
Australia ²	5,777,262c.	1921	21,615c.	1921	.37
Hawaii.....	255,912c.	1920	77c.	1926	
New Zealand ²	1,284,873c.	1921	2,380c.	1921	.19
Philippine Islands.....	10,350,640c.	1918	500e.	1917	
Grand Total.....	17,668,687		24,572		.14

²See notes on Tables I-XI.

TABLE VIII
LIST OF IMPORTANT CITIES AND THEIR JEWS¹

Name	Gen. Population	Yr.	Jewish Population	Yr.	Per Cent
Alexandria.....	450,000	1920	29,207	1920	6.5
Algiers.....	206,595	1921	15,943c.	1921	7.7
Amsterdam.....	647,427c.	1920	67,249c.	1920	10.4
Antwerp.....	334,000	1921	22,000e.	1921	6.5
Bagdad.....	250,000c.	1920	50,000c.	1920	20.0
Brussels.....	685,000	1921	20,000e.	1921	2.9
Budapest.....	925,724c.	1920	217,545c.	1920	23.5
Cairo.....	795,000	1920	24,885	1920	3.1
Copenhagen.....	561,344	1921	5,875c.	1921	1.04
Cracow.....	183,706	1921	45,192	1921	24.6
Czernowitz.....	91,852c.	1919	43,555c.	1919	47.4
Ghomel.....	64,786	1917	30,320	1917	46.8
Haifa.....	24,469	1922	6,230	1922	25.4
Jaffa.....	47,709c.	1922	20,152c.	1922	42.2
Jerusalem.....	62,578c.	1922	33,971c.	1922	54.7
Johannesburg.....	288,131	1921	22,335c.	1921	7.75
Kiev.....	272,573	1923	128,141	1923	47.
Kovno.....	91,302c.		24,691c.		27.04
Lemberg.....	219,388	1921	76,854	1921	35.
Leningrad.....	1,018,630	1923	52,370	1923	5.14
Lodz.....	452,079	1921	155,860	1921	34.5
Minsk.....	152,587	1917	67,599	1917	44.3
Montreal.....	618,506	1921	42,817	1921	6.9
Moscow.....	1,424,854	1923	86,171	1923	6.04
Prague.....	676,657c.	1921	31,751c.	1921	4.69
Rabat.....	30,953c.	1921	3,004c.	1921	9.7
Riga.....	181,443c.	1920	39,443c.		
Rome.....	600,000		11,000	1922	
Safed.....	8,760c.	1922	2,986c.	1922	34.1
Sofia.....	154,431c.	1920	20,000	1920	12.9
Tallinn (Revel).....			1,929c.	1922	
Tiberias.....	6,950c.	1922	4,427c.	1922	63.7
Toronto.....	521,893	1921	34,619	1921	6.6
Tripoli.....	64,759c.	1918	12,951c.	1918	20.0
Tunis.....	79,175c.	1921	19,029c.	1921	24.0
Vienna ¹	1,856,780c.	1923	201,513c. ¹	1923	10.8
Warsaw.....	936,046c.	1921	309,165c.	1921	33.
Winnipeg.....	179,087	1921	14,449	1921	8.1

¹See notes on Tables I-VIII.

NOTES ON TABLES I-VIII

ARGENTINA. The figure for the Jewish population is the estimate of the Jewish Colonization Association.

AUSTRALIA. The figure for the Jewish population is exclusive of the possible number of Jews among the 20,544 enumerated in 1921 as of "no religion" and 92,258 as of "unknown" religion.

AZERBAJDJAN. The figure for the Jews is that for those who were enumerated in the towns in the census of 1923. No Jews were enumerated in the country places.

BRITISH MALAYA. The figure for the general population includes 14,954 Europeans.

CANADA. The figure for the Jewish population is on the basis of nationality. It has been estimated that the Jewish population numbered 140,000 in 1921.

CHILE. The figure for the Jewish population is an estimate of the number of Jews who lived in Santiago, Valparaiso, Concepcion, and Temuco in 1924.

CHINA. The figure for the Jewish population is an estimate of the number of Jews who lived in 1920 in Harbin, Tientsin, Shanghai, Haitar, Chang-Blung, Dairen (Baluy), and Kiarta Hankow.

CRIMEA. See the note on the UNION OF SOCIALIST SOVIET REPUBLICS.

CUBA. The figure given for the Jews includes 2,700 Sephardic Jews and 5,500 Ashkenasic Jews.

CZECHO-SLOVAKIA. The figure for the Jewish population is on the basis of religion and it is exclusive of the possible number of Jews among the 724, 507 enumerated in 1921 as of "no religion," 522,333 not included in the religious census, and 238,808 aliens.

DANZIG. The figure for the Jewish population is exclusive of the possible number of Jews among the 2,815 enumerated in 1924 as of "no religion," or of "unknown" religion.

DENMARK. The figure for the Jewish population is exclusive of the possible number of Jews among the 12,744 enumerated in 1921 as of "no religion."

EGYPT. The figure for the Jewish population is exclusive of the possible number of Jews among the 8,814 enumerated in 1917 as being of "unknown" religion.

GIBRALTAR. The figure for the Jewish population is that of the ecclesiastical return of the four synagogues of the city of Gibraltar for 1920.

GEORGIA. The figure for the Jews is that for those who were enumerated in the towns in the census of 1922. No Jews were enumerated in the country places.

INDO-CHINA. The figure for the Jewish population is an estimate of the number of Jews who lived in Haiphong, Hanoi, Tourane, and Saigon in 1924.

IRISH FREE STATE. The figure for the Jewish population is that of the census of 1911 and includes the number of Jews who lived in 1911 in Northern Ireland.

KENYA. The figure for the general population includes 9,651 Europeans and 10,102 Arabs.

KIRGHIZIA. See the note on the UNION OF SOCIALIST SOVIET REPUBLICS.

LIBYA. The figure for the Jewish population is an official estimate.

LITHUANIA. The figure for the Jewish population is exclusive of the number of Jews in the District of Memel of 141,274 inhabitants, January 1, 1925. (In the census of 1923, 155 were enumerated as Karaites.)

LUXEMBURG. The figure for the Jewish population is exclusive of the possible number of Jews among the 10,300 enumerated in 1922 as of "no religion," or, "unknown" religion.

MEXICO. The figure given for the Jews includes about 10,000 oriental Jews and about 6,000 European Jews.

MOROCCO. The figure for the Jews in the French Zone includes 107,512 native Jews enumerated in the census of 1926 and 10,000 European Jews estimated to live in all of Morocco.

NETHERLANDS. The figure for the Jewish population is an estimate for the year 1925. In 1920 the census return was 121,167 Jews, exclusive of the possible number of Jews among the 533,714 enumerated as of "no religion" and 1,010 as of "unknown" religions.

NEW ZEALAND. The figure for the Jewish population is exclusive of the possible number of Jews among the 5,329 enumerated in 1921 as of "no religion" and 43,302 of "unknown" religion.

NORWAY. The figure for the Jewish population is exclusive of the possible number of Jews among the 17,780 enumerated in 1920 as of "no religion," or "unknown" religion.

PALESTINE. The figure for the Jewish population is the official estimate for 1926.

PANAMA CANAL ZONE. The figure given for the Jews includes 175 men of the army and navy and 25 civilian employees of the American government.

PARAGUAY. The figure for the Jewish population is an estimate of the number of Jews who lived in Villarrica, Borche, Cabaliero, Ipcarai, Caifunto and Encarnasion.

POLAND. The figure for the Jewish population is exclusive of the possible number of Jews among the 105,000 enumerated in 1921 as of "unknown" religion or as of "other religions." In the census of 1921, the returns gave 2,829,456 Jews, exclusive of the number of Jews among the 318,452 persons who were in the army on the day of the census.

PORTUGUESE EAST AFRICA. The figure for the total population includes about 9,000 white Europeans.

RHODESIA (NORTHERN). The figure for the total population includes 3,750 Europeans.

RHODESIA (SOUTHERN). The figure for the total population includes 33,620 Europeans.

ROUMANIA. The figures given are official estimates. In 1918, the religious census returned 9,696,714 as belonging to the Orthodox Church; 1,456,147, Greek Orthodox; 1,482,391, Roman Catholics; 1,344,970, Protestants; 44,087, Mohammedans; 17,586, Armenians; 834,344, Jews; total, 14,876,789, leaving 2,516,360 unaccounted for.

RUSSIA (RSFSR). The figure for the Jewish population in the European governments of the Russian Socialist Federated Soviet Republics is exclusive of the civil Jewish population enumerated in 1920 in the district of Ghomel, which district was later ceded to White Russia.

SIBERIA. See the note on UNION OF SOCIALIST SOVIET REPUBLICS.

SOUTH WEST AFRICA. The figure for the total population includes 19,432 Europeans.

SWITZERLAND. The figure for the Jewish population is exclusive of the possible number of Jews among the 35,656 enumerated in 1920 as of "no religion" and 3,200 as of "unknown" religion.

SYRIA AND LEBANON. The figure for the Jewish population is an estimate. In 1921-1922, the census returned 16,145 Jews. The latter figure was exclusive of those among the 71,566 enumerated as "aliens," 50,000 "recent immigrants from Turkey," and 350,000 classed as "nomads."

TANGANYIKA (GERMAN EAST AFRICA). The figure for the total population includes 2,447 Europeans.

TUNIS. The figure for the Jewish population is an estimate. In 1926, the census returned 54,243 Jews, exclusive of the number of Jews among the "Europeans."

UKRAINE. See the note on the UNION OF SOCIALIST SOVIET REPUBLICS.

UNION OF SOCIALIST SOVIET REPUBLICS. The figure for the total number of Jewish population in the Union includes 43,337 Jews who were in the army and in the navy at the time of the census of 1920. The figures for the Jewish population of Crimea, Kirghizia, Siberia, Ukraine, West Russia, and White Russia are those of the civil Jewish population enumerated in the census of 1920, as are also the figures given for the total number of Jewish population of the Union in Europe and of that in the Union in Asia.

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA. The figure for the total population includes 1,519,488 whites. The figure for the Jewish population is exclusive of the possible number of Jews among the 8,775 enumerated in 1921 as of "no religion," or of "unknown" religion.

UZBEK AND TURCOMAN REPUBLICS. The figure given for the Jews is that of those Jews who were enumerated in the towns in 1923. No figures are available for those who live in the country places.

VIENNA. The figure for the Jewish population is exclusive of the possible number of Jews among the 33,087 persons enumerated in 1923 as of "no religion."

B. JEWISH POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES

The Government of the United States and the Governments of the States, in making their various censuses, take no account of religious affiliation. There are, therefore, no official statistics of the Jews of the United States. Figures concerning the number of Jews in this country are estimates. As early as 1818 Mordecai M. Noah made an estimate of the number of Jews living in the country that year. Since then numerous estimates were made at irregular intervals.

TABLE IX

LIST OF ESTIMATES OF THE NUMBER OF JEWS IN THE UNITED STATES
BETWEEN 1818 AND 1920

Year	Authority	Number
1818	Mordecai M. Noah	3,000
1824	Solomon Etting	6,000
1826	Isaac C. Harby	16,000
1840	The American Almanac	15,000
1848	M. A. Berk	50,000
1880	Wm. B. Hackenburg	230,257
1888	Isaac Markens	400,000
1897	David Sulzberger	937,800
1905	The Jewish Encyclopedia	1,508,435
1907	American Jewish Year Book	1,777,185
1910	American Jewish Year Book	2,043,762
1914	Bureau of Jewish Statistics and Research	2,933,874
1917-18	Bureau of Jewish Statistics and Research	3,300,000
1920	Bureau of Jewish Social Research	3,600,800 ¹

¹Continental United States only.

For the estimate of 1907, 1910, 1914 and 1918, see AMERICAN JEWISH YEAR BOOK 5668, pp. 431-435, and 5679, pp. 339-352, and for the author's estimate of 3,600,800 in 1920, AMERICAN JEWISH YEAR BOOK, 5684, p. 337.

Tables X and XI below are two lists, each arranged in alphabetical order. The first one gives the number of Jews in the states, territories and outlying possessions in 1917-1918 and in 1920. The total population of 1920 is also given. The second table gives a list of cities which had 1,000 or more Jewish inhabitants in 1917-1918 or at later dates, the date being indicated in parentheses and the source given in a foot note. This table gives the total population of 1920 and of 1925.

TABLE X

A LIST OF STATES, TERRITORIES AND OUTLYING POSSESSIONS, THE
TOTAL POPULATION IN 1920, AND THE NUMBER OF JEWS IN
1917-1918 AND IN 1920, IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER

States, Territories and Possessions	Total Popu- lation, Census, 1920	Jews		
		Est. 1917- 1918	Est. 1920	
			Numb.	Per Cent
Alabama.....	2,348,174	11,086	11,150	.5
Alaska.....	55,306	500	500	
Arizona.....	334,162	1,013	1,150	.3
Arkansas.....	1,752,204	5,012	5,150	.3
California.....	3,426,861	63,652	71,400	2.1
Colorado.....	939,629	14,565	15,380	1.6
Connecticut.....	1,380,631	66,862	71,870	5.2
Delaware.....	223,003	3,806	4,010	1.8
District of Columbia.....	437,571	10,000	14,730	3.4
Florida.....	968,470	6,451	6,940	.7
Georgia.....	2,895,832	22,414	23,240	.8
Hawaiian Islands.....	255,912	150	150	
Idaho.....	431,866	1,078	1,160	.3
Illinois.....	6,485,280	246,637	257,600	4.
Indiana.....	2,930,390	25,833	26,780	.9
Iowa.....	2,404,021	15,555	16,230	.7
Kansas.....	1,769,257	9,450	9,590	.5
Kentucky.....	2,416,630	13,362	13,620	.6
Louisiana.....	1,798,509	12,723	13,020	.7
Maine.....	768,014	7,387	7,590	1.
Maryland.....	1,449,661	62,642	65,330	4.5
Massachusetts.....	3,852,356	189,671	199,300	5.2
Michigan.....	3,668,411	63,254	71,360	1.9
Minnesota.....	2,387,125	31,462	33,550	1.4
Mississippi.....	1,790,618	3,881	3,990	.2
Missouri.....	3,404,055	80,807	82,570	2.4
Montana.....	548,889	2,518	2,520	.5
Nebraska.....	1,296,372	13,547	14,020	1.1
Nevada.....	77,407	503	510	.7
New Hampshire.....	443,083	3,257	3,370	.8
New Jersey.....	3,155,900	149,476	163,180	5.2
New Mexico.....	360,350	858	880	.2
New York.....	10,385,227	1,603,923	1,701,260	16.4
North Carolina.....	2,558,123	4,915	5,140	.2
North Dakota.....	646,872	1,492	1,590	.2
Ohio.....	5,759,394	166,361	177,690	3.1
Oklahoma.....	2,028,283	5,186	5,490	.3
Oregon.....	783,389	9,767	18,260	2.3
Pennsylvania.....	8,720,017	322,406	340,740	4.
Philippine Islands.....	10,350,640	500	500	

TABLE X (Continued)

States, Territories and Possessions	Total Popu- lation. Census. 1920	Jews		
		Est. 1917- 1918	Est. 1920	
			Numb.	Per Cent
Porto Rico.....	1,299,809	200	200	
Rhode Island.....	604,397	20,502	21,450	3.5
South Carolina.....	1,683,724	4,816	5,060	.3
South Dakota.....	636,547	1,262	1,310	.2
Tennessee.....	2,337,885	14,034	14,390	.6
Texas.....	4,663,228	30,839	32,660	.7
Utah.....	449,396	3,737	3,940	.9
Vermont.....	352,428	2,221	2,260	.6
Virgin Islands.....	26,051		70	
Virginia.....	2,309,187	15,403	16,020	.7
Washington.....	1,356,621	9,117	10,030	.7
West Virginia.....	1,463,701	5,129	5,440	.4
Wisconsin.....	2,632,067	28,581	30,100	1.1
Wyoming.....	194,402	498	560	.3

TABLE XI

LIST OF CITIES HAVING ONE THOUSAND OR MORE JEWISH INHABITANTS
IN 1917-1918 AND AT LATER DATES AND THE TOTAL
POPULATION IN 1920 AND IN 1925

Cities	Total Population		Jews	
	Census 1920	Official Estimate 1925	Estimate 1917-1918	Later Estimates
Akron, Ohio.....	208,435		2,000	2,554 (1920) ¹
Albany, N. Y.....	113,344	117,820c. ¹⁰	7,000	8,500 (1923) ²
Allentown, Pa.....	73,502	92,151 ⁸	1,200	1,261 (1920) ¹
Altoona, Pa.....	60,331	66,148 ⁸	1,000	
Atlanta, Ga.....	200,616		10,000	
Atlantic City, N. J.....	50,707	53,287 ⁸	4,000	11,750 (1923) ²
Augusta, Ga.....	52,548	55,245 ⁸	2,500	
Baltimore, Md.....	733,826	796,296 ⁸	60,000	67,500 (1924) ²
Bangor, Me.....	25,978	26,644 ⁸	1,000	
Bay City, Mich.....	47,554	48,907 ⁸	1,000	
Bayonne, N. J.....	76,754	88,767 ⁸	10,000	8,460 (1923) ²
Binghamton, N. Y.....	66,800	71,915c. ¹⁰	1,500	2,500 (1926) ²
Birmingham, Ala.....	178,806	205,670 ³	3,500	
Bloomfield, N. J.....		25,955 ⁸	1,000	
Boston, Mass.....	748,060	781,529c. ¹⁰	77,500	
Braddock, Pa.....		21,739 ⁸	1,600	
Bridgeport, Conn.....	143,555		12,000	7,600 (1920) ¹
Brockton, Mass.....	66,254	65,731c. ¹⁰	1,500	3,169 (1923) ²
Buffalo, N. Y.....	506,775	538,016c. ¹⁰	20,000	18,000 (1922) ¹
Butte, Mont.....	41,611	42,867 ⁸	1,000	
Cambridge, Mass.....	109,694	120,053c. ¹⁰	8,000	
Camden, N. J.....	116,309	128,642 ⁸	2,000	6,500 (1924) ²
Canton, Ohio.....	87,091	106,260 ⁸	1,000	1,075 (1920) ¹
Carbondale, Pa.....		19,545 ⁸	1,000	

TABLE XI (Continued)

Cities	Total Population		Jews	
	Census 1920	Official Estimate 1925	Estimate 1917-1918	Later Estimates
Charleston, S. C.	67,957	73,125c. ¹⁰	1,900	
Charleston, W. Va.	39,608	49,019 ⁸	1,000	
Chattanooga, Tenn.	57,895	66,575 ⁹	1,400	
Chelsea, Mass.	43,184	47,505c. ¹⁰	13,000	14,669 (1920) ¹
Chester, Pa.	58,030	68,507 ⁸	1,000	
Chicago, Ill.	2,701,705	2,995,239 ⁸	225,000	285,000 (1922) ²
Cincinnati, O.	401,247	409,333 ⁸	25,000	23,170 (1921) ²
Cleveland, O.	796,841	936,485 ⁸	100,000	78,996 (1924) ³
Columbus, O.	237,031	279,836 ⁸	9,000	
Council Bluffs, Ia.	36,162		1,000	
Dallas, Texas	158,976	194,450 ⁸	8,000	
Dayton, O.	152,559	172,942 ⁸	4,000	
Denver, Colo.	256,491	280,911 ⁸	11,000	
Des Moines, Ia.	126,468		3,200	
Detroit, Mich.	993,678	1,242,044c. ⁹	50,000	38,224 (1923) ³
Duluth, Minn.	98,917	110,502 ⁸	2,300	2,422 (1920) ¹
East St. Louis, Ill.	66,767	71,423 ⁸	1,000	
Elizabeth, N. J.	95,783		5,000	
Elmira, N. Y.	45,393	48,359c. ¹⁰	1,200	
El Paso, Tex.	77,560	104,929 ⁸	1,800	
Erie, Pa.	93,372		1,500	
Evansville, Ind.	85,264	93,601 ⁸	1,500	
Fall River, Mass.	120,485	129,662 ⁸	7,500	
Fort Wayne, Ind.	86,549	97,846 ⁸	1,650	
Fort Worth, Tex.	106,483	154,847 ⁸	2,250	
Galveston, Tex.	44,255	48,375 ⁸	1,100	
Gary, Ind.	55,378	76,870 ⁸	1,200	
Grand Rapids, Mich.	137,634	153,698 ⁸	1,000	
Harrisburg, Pa.	75,917	83,422 ⁸	4,000	
Harrison, N. J.		16,414 ⁸	1,000	
Hartford, Conn.	138,036	160,197 ⁸	16,000	20,567 (1920) ²
Haverhill, Mass.	53,884	49,084c. ¹⁰	3,500	
Hoboken, N. J.	68,166		5,000	3,000 (1923) ^{1,2}
Holyoke, Mass.	60,203	60,892c. ¹⁰	1,000	1,900 (1926) ²
Houston, Tex.	138,276	164,954 ⁸	5,000	
Indianapolis, Ind.	314,194	358,819 ⁸	10,000	
Jacksonville, Fla.	91,558	95,450c. ¹⁰	2,000	
Jersey City, N. J.	298,103	315,280 ⁹	12,500	12,125 (1922) ²
Joliet, Ill.	38,442	40,578 ⁸	1,100	
Kansas City, Kan.	101,177		3,500	
Kansas City, Mo.	324,410	367,481 ⁸	12,000	
Lancaster, Pa.	53,150	56,505 ⁸	1,400	
Lawrence, Mass.	94,270	95,136c. ¹⁰	2,000	2,315 (1920) ²
Lincoln, Neb.	54,948	60,941 ⁸	1,200	
Little Rock, Ark.	65,142	74,216 ⁸	1,500	
Long Branch, N. J.		13,646 ⁸	1,300	
Los Angeles, Cal.	576,673		18,000	43,000 (1923) ³
Louisville, Ky.	234,891	259,259 ⁸	9,000	
Lowell, Mass.	112,759	110,542c. ¹⁰	6,000	
Lynn, Mass.	99,148	103,147c. ¹⁰	7,500	
Malden, Mass.	49,013	51,789c. ¹⁰	9,000	
McKeesport, Pa.	46,781	49,097 ⁸	3,000	
Memphis, Tenn.	162,351	174,533 ⁸	7,000	
Meriden, Conn.	29,867	36,292 ⁸	1,000	
Milwaukee, Wis.	457,147	509,192 ⁸	20,000	20,000 (1922) ²
Minneapolis, Minn.	380,582	425,435 ⁸	15,000	
Montgomery, Ala.	43,464	46,481 ⁸	1,650	
Mt. Vernon, N. Y.	42,726	50,382c. ¹⁰	3,000	7,000 (1924) ³

TABLE XI (continued)

Cities	Total Population		Jews	
	Census 1920	Official Estimate 1925	Estimate 1917-1918	Later Estimates
Nashville, Tenn.....	118,342	136,220 ⁸	3,000	
Newark, N. J.....	414,524	452,513 ⁸	55,000	
New Bedford, Mass.....	121,217	120,494c. ¹⁰	3,500	
New Britain, Conn.....	59,316	68,039 ⁸	2,500	
New Brunswick, N. J.....	32,779	37,984 ⁸	3,000	
New Haven, Conn.....	162,537	178,927 ⁸	18,000	20,000 (1920) ²
New London, Conn.....	25,688	29,103 ⁸	1,000	1,371 (1920) ¹
New Orleans, La.....	387,219	414,493 ⁸	8,000	
Newport News, Va.....	35,596	47,083 ⁸	2,000	
New Rochelle, N. Y.....	36,213	44,222c. ¹⁰	3,000	
New York, N. Y.....	5,620,048	5,873,356c. ¹⁰	1,500,000	1,643,012 (1920) ⁷
Norfolk, Va.....	115,776	.....	5,000	
Norwich, Conn.....	.....	23,118 ⁹	1,500	
Oakland, Cal.....	216,261	253,700 ⁸	5,000	
Oklahoma City, Okla.....	91,295	.....	1,000	
Omaha, Neb.....	191,601	211,768 ⁸	10,000	9,337 (Oct. 1, 1924) ⁶
Passaic, N. J.....	63,841	68,979 ⁸	6,000	
Paterson, N. J.....	135,875	141,695 ⁸	15,000	
Pensacola, Fla.....	31,035	25,305c. ¹⁰	1,000	
Peoria, Ill.....	76,121	81,564 ⁸	1,750	
Perth Amboy, N. J.....	41,707	47,136 ⁸	5,000	
Philadelphia, Pa.....	1,823,779	1,979,364 ⁸	200,000	240,000 (1922) ²
Pittsburgh, Pa.....	588,343	631,563 ⁸	60,000	42,450 (1924) ²
Pittsfield, Mass.....	41,763	47,241c. ¹⁰	1,500	
Plainfield, N. J.....	27,700	31,748 ⁸	1,500	2,700 (1926) ²
Port Chester, N. Y.....	16,573	19,283	1,000	
Portland, Me.....	69,272	75,333 ⁸	1,000	3,000 (1921) ²
Portland, Ore.....	258,288	282,383 ⁸	2,500	9,000 (1920) ⁴
Portsmouth, Va.....	54,387	59,029 ⁸	8,000	
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.....	35,000	35,670c. ¹⁰	1,600	
Providence, R. I.....	237,595	267,918c. ¹⁰	15,000	16,500 (1923) ²
Pueblo, Colo.....	43,050	43,787 ⁸	1,000	
Quincy, Mass.....	47,876	60,131c. ¹⁰	1,250	
Reading, Pa.....	107,784	112,707 ⁸	1,750	
Revere, Mass.....	28,823	33,261c. ¹⁰	6,000	
Richmond, Va.....	171,667	186,403 ⁸	4,000	
Rochester, N. Y.....	295,750	316,786c. ¹⁰	20,000	14,800 (1920) ²
Rock Island, Ill.....	.....	40,073 ⁸	.....	1,382 (1924) ⁶
Saginaw, Mich.....	61,903	72,100 ⁸	1,000	
St. Joseph, Mo.....	77,939	78,342 ⁸	3,300	
St. Louis, Mo.....	772,897	821,543 ⁸	60,000	55,000 (1926) ²
St. Paul, Minn.....	234,698	246,001 ⁸	10,000	
Salem, Mass.....	42,529	42,821c. ¹⁰	1,500	
Salt Lake City, Utah.....	113,110	130,948 ⁸	2,500	
San Antonio, Tex.....	161,379	198,069 ⁸	3,000	
San Francisco, Cal.....	506,676	557,530 ⁸	30,000	26,000 (1923) ³
Savannah, Ga.....	83,252	93,134 ⁸	5,000	
Schenectady, N. Y.....	88,723	92,786c. ¹⁰	3,500	3,500 (1925) ²
Scranton, Pa.....	137,783	142,266 ⁸	7,500	
Seattle, Wash.....	315,312	.....	5,000	
Shreveport, La.....	43,874	57,857	1,500	
Sioux City, Ia.....	71,227	.....	2,500	
Somerville, Mass.....	93,091	99,206c. ¹⁰	2,000	
South Bend, Ind.....	70,983	80,091 ⁸	2,000	
South Bethlehem, Pa.....	50,358	.....	1,300	
South Norwalk, Conn.....	27,743	.....	1,000	
Spokane, Wash.....	104,437	108,897	1,100	
Springfield, Mass.....	129,614	142,224c. ¹⁰	6,000	10,000 (1920) ²

TABLE XI (continued)

Cities	Total Population		Jews	
	Census 1920	Official Estimate 1925	Estimate 1917-1918	Later Estimates
Stamford, Conn.	35,096	40,737 ⁸	1,500	
Stockton, Cal.	40,296	47,287 ⁸	1,000	
Syracuse, N. Y.	171,717	182,003c. ¹⁰	12,000	9,500 (1922) ²
Tampa, Fla.	51,608	94,743c. ¹⁰	1,000	
Toledo, Ohio	243,164	287,380 ⁸	7,500	
Topeka, Kan.	50,022	55,411c. ¹⁰	1,000	
Trenton, N. J.	119,289	132,020 ⁸	7,000	
Troy, N. Y.	72,013	72,223c. ¹⁰	3,000	
Tulsa, Okla.				1,000 (1926) ¹¹
Utica, N. Y.	94,156	101,604c. ¹⁰	1,600	2,517 (1920) ¹
Waco, Tex.	38,500	43,912 ⁸	5,001	
Washington, D. C.	437,571	497,906 ⁸	10,000	13,780 (1921) ²
Waterbury, Conn.	91,715		6,000	
West New York, N. J.	29,926	39,197 ⁸	1,500	1,538 (1920) ¹
Wheeling, W. Va.	56,208		1,000	
Wilkes-Barre, Pa.	73,833	77,644 ⁸	3,000	
Wilmington, Del.	110,168	122,049 ⁸	3,500	4,200 (1922) ²
Winthrop, Mass.		16,155c. ¹⁰	1,500	
Woodbine, N. J.			1,900	
Worcester, Mass.	179,754	192,242c. ¹⁰	10,000	8,500 (1921) ²
Yonkers, N. Y.	100,176	113,647c. ¹⁰	5,000	5,500 (1924) ²
Youngstown, Ohio	132,358	159,970 ⁸	5,000	

¹The number of persons who reported Yiddish or Hebrew as their mother-tongue in the United States Census of 1920.

²Estimate of the Jewish Welfare Board, New York City.

³Estimate of the Bureau of Jewish Social Research, New York City.

⁴Estimate of local federation of Jewish charities.

⁵Estimate of local Jewish residents.

⁶Local census.

⁷See Table XII.

⁸Estimate of the United States Bureau of Census.

⁹Special census May 31, 1925.

¹⁰State census.

¹¹Private communication.

TABLE XII

DISTRIBUTION OF THE JEWS BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS AND
SUBDIVISIONS AND STATES, 1920*

Divisions, Subdivisions, States, and Territories	Total Population	Jewish Population	P. C. of Jews	
			to Total Population	to Total No. of Jews
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION				
<i>Northern Subdivision</i>				
Maine.....	768,014	7,590	1.	.2
New Hampshire.....	443,083	3,370	.8	.09
Vermont.....	352,428	2,260	.6	.06
Total.....	1,563,525	13,220	.84	.37
<i>Southern Subdivision</i>				
Massachusetts.....	3,852,356	199,300	5.2	5.5
Rhode Island.....	604,397	21,450	3.5	.6
Connecticut.....	1,380,631	71,870	5.2	2.
Total.....	5,837,384	292,620	5.	8.1
Grand Total.....	7,400,909	305,840	4.13	.85
MIDDLE ATLANTIC DIVISION				
New York.....	10,385,227	1,701,260	16.4	47.2
<i>Southern Subdivision</i>				
New Jersey.....	3,155,900	163,180	5.2	4.5
Pennsylvania.....	8,720,017	340,740	4.	9.4
Total.....	16,641,096	562,168	3.8	15.5
Grand Total.....	22,261,144	2,205,180	9.91	61.2
EAST NORTH CENTRAL DIVISION				
Ohio.....	5,759,394	177,690	3.1	5.
Indiana.....	2,930,390	26,780	.9	.7
Illinois.....	6,485,280	257,600	4.	7.1
<i>Northern Subdivision</i>				
Michigan.....	3,668,411	71,360	1.9	2.
Wisconsin.....	2,632,067	30,100	1.1	.01
Total.....	6,300,478	101,460	1.6	2.81
Grand Total.....	21,475,542	563,530	2.62	15.6
WEST NORTH CENTRAL DIVISION				
Minnesota.....	2,387,125	33,550	1.4	.9
Missouri.....	3,404,055	82,570	2.4	2.3
Nebraska.....	1,296,372	14,020	1.1	.4
Iowa.....	2,404,021	16,230	.7	.4
North Dakota.....	646,872	1,590	.2	.04
South Dakota.....	636,547	1,310	.2	.04
Kansas.....	1,769,257	9,590	.5	.3
Total.....	5,456,697	30,720	.6	.85
Grand Total.....	12,544,249	158,860	1.27	4.41

*For a detailed analysis of this Table, see Volume 28, pp. 406-408.

TABLE XII (continued)

Divisions, Subdivisions, States, and Territories	Total Population	Jewish Population	P. C. of Jews	
			to Total Population	to Total No. of Jews
SOUTH ATLANTIC DIVISION				
Delaware.....	223,003	4,010	1.8	.1
<i>Northern Subdivision</i>				
Maryland.....	1,449,661	65,330	4.5	1.8
District of Columbia.....	437,571	14,730 ¹	3.5	.41
Total.....	1,887,232	80,060	4.2	2.22
<i>Southern Subdivision</i>				
Virginia.....	2,309,187	16,020	.7	.4
West Virginia.....	1,463,701	5,440	.4	.1
North Carolina.....	2,558,123	5,140	.2	.1
South Carolina.....	1,683,724	5,060	.3	.1
Georgia.....	2,895,832	23,240	.8	.6
Florida.....	968,470	6,940	.7	.2
Total.....	11,879,037	61,840	.5	1.7
Grand Total.....	13,989,272	145,910	1.04	4.04
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL DIVISION				
Kentucky.....	2,416,630	13,620	.6	.4
Tennessee.....	2,337,885	14,390	.6	.4
Alabama.....	2,348,174	11,150	.5	.3
Mississippi.....	1,790,618	3,990	.2	.1
Total.....	8,893,307	43,150	.49	1.2
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL DIVISION				
Arkansas.....	1,752,204	5,150	.3	.1
Oklahoma.....	2,028,283	5,490	.3	.1
Louisiana.....	1,798,509	13,020	.7	.4
Texas.....	4,663,228	32,660	.7	.9
Total.....	10,242,224	56,320	.55	1.6
MOUNTAIN DIVISION				
Colorado.....	939,629	15,380	1.6	.4
Montana.....	548,889	2,520	.5	.07
Idaho.....	431,866	1,160	.3	.03
Wyoming.....	194,402	560	.3	.01
New Mexico.....	360,350	880	.2	.02
Arizona.....	334,162	1,150	.3	.03
Utah.....	449,396	3,940	.9	.1
Nevada.....	77,407	510	.7	.01
Total.....	1,415,717	10,720	.7	.30
Grand Total.....	3,336,101	26,100	.78	.72
PACIFIC DIVISION				
Washington.....	1,356,621	10,030	.7	.3

TABLE XII (continued)

Divisions, Subdivisions, States, and Territories	Total Population	Jewish Population	P. C. of Jews	
			to Total Population	to Total No. of Jews
<i>Southern Subdivision</i>				
Oregon.....	783,389	18,260	2.3	.5
California.....	3,426,861	71,400	2.1	2.
Total.....	4,210,250	89,660	2.1	2.5
Grand Total.....	5,566,871	99,690	1.79	2.8
Total Continental United States.....	105,709,619	3,604,580	3.4	100.
TERRITORIES AND OUTLYING POSSESSIONS				
Alaska.....	55,306	500 ²	.9	35.2
Hawaiian Islands.....	255,912	150 ²	.06	10.6
Philippine Islands.....	10,350,640	500 ²	.004	35.2
Porto Rico.....	1,299,809	200 ²	.015	14.1
Virgin Islands.....	26,051	70 ³	.27	4.9
TOTAL OUTLYING POSSESSIONS...	11,987,718	1,420	.011	100.
GRAND TOTAL UNITED STATES...	117,697,337	3,606,000	3.1	

¹ In 1921 on the basis of an estimated Jewish population of Washington of 13,780.
² In 1917-1918. ³ In 1923.

Table XIII below shows that during the two years, following the estimate of 1917-1918, the Jewish population of Manhattan has decreased 1.7%, while that of all other Boroughs has increased: Bronx 24.2%, Brooklyn 6.1%, Queens 73.4%, Richmond 70.9%. The estimate of 1917-1918 is that of Dr. Alexander Dushkin, *Jewish Communal Register*. The estimate of 1920 is that of Dr. Walter Laidlaw, *The Religious Composition of Greater New York, 1922*. The latter's estimate for the Jewish population, in view of the fact that political units densely inhabited by Jews were not canvassed, is probably too low.

TABLE XIII
 DISTRIBUTION OF THE JEWS OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
 BY BOROUGH, 1920

BOROUGH	TOTAL POPULATION		JEWS		Per Cent
	U. S. Census 1920	State Census 1925	Estimate 1917-1918	Estimate 1920	
Manhattan.....	2,284,103	1,945,029	696,000	657,101 ¹	28.8
Bronx.....	732,016	872,168	211,000	278,169 ²	38.
Brooklyn.....	2,018,356	2,203,235	568,000	604,380	29.
Queens.....	469,042	714,647	23,000	86,194	18.4
Richmond.....	116,531	138,277	5,000	17,168	14.7
Total.....	5,620,048	5,873,356	1,503,000	1,643,012	29.2

¹In 1923, 661,000 Jews, Estimate of the Jewish Welfare Board, New York City.
²In 1923, 362,000 Jews, Estimate of the Jewish Welfare Board, New York City.

C. JEWISH IMMIGRATION INTO THE UNITED STATES

JEWISH IMMIGRATION 1881-1921

Little is known, statistically, of the earlier waves of Jewish immigration to the United States, the immigration of Spanish, Portuguese, and Dutch Jews and of German Jews. We are in possession of satisfactory figures relative to Jewish immigration from 1881 onward.

TABLE XIV

A SUMMARY OF JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES,
1881-1926

Year		Number
1881-1898	Not deducting departures or adding admissions through ports other than New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore	533,478
1899-1907	Gross increase (departures not deducted)	829,244
1908-1926	Net increase (departures deducted)	976,219
Total		2,338,941

If we assume that during the period of 1881-1898 the number of Jewish departures equalled the number of Jewish admissions through ports other than New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, and if we neglect for the moment the number of Jewish departures during 1899-1907, the net increase of Jewish immigration to the United States during 1881-1926 amounts to 2,338,941.

TABLE XV

NUMBER OF JEWISH IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED AT THE PORTS OF NEW
YORK, PHILADELPHIA, AND BALTIMORE, 1881-1898

Year	Number Admitted	Year	Number Admitted
1881-84	74,310	1892	60,325
1885	19,611	1893	32,943
1886	29,658	1894	22,108
1887	27,468	1895	32,077
1888	31,363	1896	28,118
1889	23,962	1897	20,684
1890	34,303	1898	27,409
1891	69,139	Total	533,478

From 1881 to 1898, 533,478 Jews entered at the ports of New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore. No figures are available for Jewish immigrants who entered the United States through other ports during these seventeen years, but it is believed that the number of these immigrants was inconsiderable.

Beginning with 1899 we possess figures for the total Jewish immigration at all ports, but up to 1907 no statistics of departures were kept by the United States authorities. The total number of Jews admitted from 1899 to 1907 was 829,244, which is 11.8% of the total number of immigrants admitted during the same period.

TABLE XVI

TOTAL NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS AND NUMBER OF JEWISH IMMIGRANTS
ADMITTED TO THE UNITED STATES, 1899-1907.

Year	Total	Jews	Per Cent of Jews to Total
1899.....	311,715	37,415	12.0
1900.....	448,572	60,764	13.05
1901.....	487,918	58,098	11.9
1902.....	643,743	57,688	8.9
1903.....	857,046	76,203	8.9
1904.....	812,870	106,236	13.1
1905.....	1,026,499	129,910	12.7
1906.....	1,100,735	153,748	13.9
1907.....	1,285,349	149,182	11.6
Grand Total..	6,974,447	829,244	11.9

During 1908-1926, for which years we possess complete statistical data, 1,029,145 Jews were admitted to the United States, constituting 9.4% of the total number of immigrants admitted. During the same period, 52,926 Jews departed from the United States. The last figure forms 5.18% of the number of Jews admitted; while the percentage of total departures to total admission was 33.54%. The net increase of the Jewish immigration during this period was 976,219, or 13.0% of the total net increase as against 8.9% of Jewish admissions to total admissions.

With the year ending June 30, 1925 we have probably begun a new period in Jewish immigration. Under the immigration law of 1924, only a limited number of Jews can be expected to enter the country. During the year ending June 30, 1926 only 10,267 Jews entered, and 341 Jews left the country, leaving an increase of only 9,926.

TABLE XVII

TOTAL NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS¹ AND NUMBER OF JEWISH IMMIGRANTS,
ADMITTED, DEPARTED, AND NET INCREASE, 1908-1926²

Year	Admissions			Departures				Net Increase		
	Total	Jews	P. C. Jews to Tot.	Total	Jews	Per Cent to Admissions		Total	Jews	P. C. Jews to Tot.
						Total	Jews			
1908	782,870	103,387	13.2	395,073	7,702	50.46	7.44	387,797	95,685	24.2
1909	751,786	57,551	7.6	225,802	6,105	30.0	10.60	525,984	51,446	9.7
1910	1,041,570	84,260	8.1	202,436	5,689	19.43	6.8	839,134	78,571	9.3
1911	878,587	91,223	10.4	295,666	6,401	33.67	7.01	582,921	84,822	14.5
1912	838,172	80,595	9.6	333,262	7,418	39.76	9.20	504,910	73,177	14.4
1913	1,197,892	101,330	8.5	308,190	6,697	25.7	6.60	889,702	94,633	10.6
1914	1,218,480	138,051	11.3	303,338	6,826	24.89	4.94	915,142	131,225	14.3
1915	326,700	26,497	8.1	204,074	1,524	62.46	5.75	122,626	24,973	20.3
1916	298,826	15,108	5.1	129,765	199	43.42	1.31	169,061	14,909	8.8
1917	295,403	17,342	5.8	66,277	329	22.43	1.89	229,126	17,013	7.
1918	110,618	3,627	3.	94,585	687	85.51	18.9	16,033	2,940	18.3
1919	141,132	3,055	2.6	123,522	373	87.51	12.2	17,610	2,682	15.2
1920	430,001	14,292	3.3	288,315	358	67.05	2.5	141,686	13,934	9.8
1921	805,228	119,036	14.7	247,718	483	30.76	4.1	557,510	118,553	21.2
1922	309,556	53,524	17.3	198,712	830	64.2	1.5	110,844	52,694	47.5
1923	522,919	49,719	9.5	81,450	413	15.57	.83	441,469	49,306	11.16
1924	706,896	49,989	7.	76,789	260	10.8	.52	630,107	49,729	7.89
1925	294,314	10,292	3.5	92,728	291	31.51	3.	201,586	10,001	5.
1926	304,488	10,267	3.3	76,992	341	25.2	3.3	227,496	9,926	4.3
G. T.	11,255,438	1,029,145	8.9	3,744,694	52,926	33.	5.1	7,510,744	976,219	13.

¹ In the tables which follow, the words "Immigration" and "Immigrant" refer to alien immigration and alien immigrants only.

² Year ending June 30.

During 1899-1926, for which years we possess statistical data, 28,889 Jews were debarred from entering the United States, 2.8% of the number of Jews who were admitted; while the percentage of total debarred to the total admitted was 3.7%.

During the same period of time, 3,548 Jews were deported after having been admitted. This constituted .36% of the net increase of Jewish immigration, while the percentage of total deported to total net increase was 1.07%. During 1926 the percentage of the total deported to the total net increase was 4.7%, while the percentage of deported Jews was only 1.7%.

TABLE XVIII

TOTAL NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS AND NUMBER OF JEWISH IMMIGRANTS
REJECTED ON APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION AND THOSE DEPORTED
FROM THE UNITED STATES AFTER ADMISSION, 1899-1926

Year	Debarred				Deported			
	Number		Per Cent to Admission		Number		Per Cent to Net Increase	
	Total	Jews	Total	Jews	Total	Jews	Total	Jews
1899-1910.....	116,255	10,785	1.2	1.0	12,177	1,303	—	—
1911.....	22,349	1,999	2.5	2.1	2,788	209	.5	.2
1912.....	16,057	1,064	1.9	1.3	2,456	191	.4	.2
1913.....	19,938	1,224	1.6	1.2	3,461	253	.4	.2
1914.....	33,041	2,506	2.7	1.9	4,137	317	.4	.2
1915.....	24,111	1,398	7.3	5.2	2,670	68	2.1	.2
1916.....	18,867	949	6.3	6.2	2,906	79	1.8	.5
1917.....	16,028	607	5.4	3.5	1,918	46	.9	.3
1918.....	7,297	222	6.5	6.0	796	27	4.9	.9
1919.....	8,626	199	6.1	6.5	3,102	17	17.6	.7
1920.....	11,795	268	2.7	1.8	2,762	53	1.9	.4
1921.....	13,779	1,195	1.7	1.0	4,517	134	.8	.1
1922.....	13,731	1,256	4.4	2.3	4,345	214	3.9	.4
1923.....	20,619	1,455	3.9	2.9	3,661	99	.82	.02
1924.....	30,284	1,754	4.3	3.5	4,294	113	.68	.2
1925.....	25,390	1,137	8.6	11.1	9,495	250	4.7	2.5
1926.....	20,550	871	6.7	8.4	10,904	175	4.7	1.7
Total 1889-1926.	418,717	28,889			76,389	3,548		
Total 1911-1926.					64,212	2,245		

JEWSH IMMIGRATION DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1926

During the year ended June 30, 1926, 10,267 Jews were admitted to the country, about as many as during the previous year; the number of Jews that departed was insignificant, namely, 341¹; and the net increase through immigration was thus only 9.926.

The Jewish immigrants constituted 3.4% of the total. But the number of Jewish immigrants who departed amounted to only .4% of the total number of Jewish immigrants admitted, as against 25.2% for the non-Jews. The increase of Jewish immigrants admitted over Jewish immigrants departed was, as a result, 5% of the total net increase.

¹Of the 341 Jewish emigrants who departed, 102 went to Palestine, 62 to Poland, 46 to Canada, 35 to Great Britain and Northern Ireland, 28 to Roumania, and 68 to more than eighteen other countries. Of these 341 Jewish alien emigrants, 226 came from the State of New York and the remainder from seventeen other States.

Unlike previous years and evidently as a result of the operation of the immigration law of 1924, the percentage of Jewish immigrants debarred during the year under review was larger than that of the non-Jewish immigrants, the respective percentages being 8.48% for the Jewish immigrants, and 6.68% for the non-Jewish immigrants. However, the percentage of the number of deported Jewish immigrants after having been admitted, continued to be smaller than the percentage of the number of the deported non-Jewish immigrants. Only 175 Jews were deported during 1926 as against 10,729 non-Jews, constituting 1.76% and 4.8% respectively of the net increase of Jewish and of non-Jewish immigrants.

TABLE XIX

TOTAL NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS, NUMBER OF NON-JEWISH IMMIGRANTS, AND NUMBER OF JEWISH IMMIGRANTS, ADMITTED, DEPARTED, INCREASE, DEBARRED, AND DEPORTED, YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1926

	Admissions		Departures		Increase		Debarred		Deported	
	No.	% of Tot.	No.	% of Adm.	No.	% of Tot.	No.	% of Adm.	No.	% of Incr.
Non-Jews....	294,221	98.6	76,651	25.2	217,570	95.	19,679	6.68	10,729	4.8
Jews.....	10,267	3.4	341	.4	9,926	5.	871	8.48	175	1.76
Total.....	304,488	100.0	76,992	25.3	227,496	100.0	20,550	6.75	10,904	4.79

Table XX below shows the distribution of the Jewish immigrants on the basis of the states of destination given by the Jewish immigrants at the ports of their admission. There was not a State in the Union for which one or more Jewish immigrants were not bound.

DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS, AND JEWISH
IMMIGRANTS ON THE BASIS OF THE DESTINATION, YEAR
ENDED JUNE 30, 1926

States	Number			Per Cent		P. C. of Total Number Admitted to United States		
	Total	Non-Jews	Jews	Non-Jews	Jews	Total	Non-Jews	Jews
Alabama	262	254	8	96.9	3.1	*	*	*
Alaska	97	96	1	99.	1.	*	*	*
Arizona	3,042	3,041	1	99.97	.03	1.	1.1	*
Arkansas	94	92	2	97.9	2.1	*	*	*
California	19,785	19,572	213	98.9	1.1	6.5	6.6	2.1
Colorado	722	704	18	97.2	2.8	.23	.2	.2
Connecticut	6,447	6,300	147	97.7	2.3	2.1	2.1	1.4
Delaware	223	215	8	96.4	3.6	*	*	*
District of Columbia	883	840	43	95.1	4.9	.2	.3	.4
Florida	4,067	4,021	46	98.9	1.1	1.3	1.4	.4
Georgia	229	205	24	89.5	10.5	*	*	.2
Idaho	418	416	2	99.5	.5	.1	.1	*
Illinois	20,176	19,389	787	96.1	3.9	6.6	6.6	7.8
Indiana	2,555	2,519	36	96.3	3.7	.8	.8	.3
Iowa	1,623	1,581	42	97.4	2.6	.5	.5	.4
Kansas	740	732	8	98.9	1.1	.2	.2	*
Kentucky	321	314	7	97.8	2.2	.1	.1	*
Louisiana	644	631	13	98.	2.	.2	.2	.1
Maine	2,956	2,941	15	99.5	.5	.97	1.	.1
Maryland	1,187	1,089	98	91.7	8.3	.4	.4	.98
Massachusetts	26,845	26,458	387	98.5	1.5	8.8	9.	3.8
Michigan	34,358	33,829	529	98.4	1.6	11.2	11.5	5.3
Minnesota	3,981	3,899	82	97.9	2.1	1.3	1.3	.8
Mississippi	166	157	9	94.6	5.4	*	*	*
Missouri	2,055	1,944	111	94.6	5.4	.7	.6	1.1
Montana	808	805	3	99.6	.4	.2	.3	*
Nebraska	951	925	26	97.3	2.7	.3	.3	.2
Nevada	145	143	2	98.6	1.4	*	*	*
New Hampshire	1,932	1,917	15	99.2	.8	.6	.6	.1
New Jersey	15,175	14,695	480	96.8	3.2	5.	5.	4.8
New Mexico	445	442	3	99.3	.7	.1	1.	*
New York	74,019	68,444	5,575	92.5	7.5	24.3	23.3	55.6
North Carolina	420	411	9	97.8	2.2	.1	.1	*
North Dakota	816	812	4	99.5	.5	.3	.3	*
Ohio	9,452	9,094	358	96.2	3.8	3.1	3.1	3.6
Oklahoma	263	251	12	95.4	4.6	*	*	.1
Oregon	2,119	2,092	27	98.7	1.3	.7	.7	.3
Pennsylvania	17,627	16,774	853	95.2	4.8	5.8	5.7	8.5
Rhode Island	3,311	3,272	39	98.8	1.2	1.1	1.1	.4
South Carolina	42	40	2	95.2	4.8	*	*	*
South Dakota	607	603	4	99.3	.7	.2	.2	*
Tennessee	135	129	6	95.5	4.5	*	*	*
Texas	28,339	28,286	53	99.8	.2	9.3	9.6	.5
Utah	682	678	4	99.4	.6	.2	.2	*
Vermont	1,384	1,381	3	99.8	.2	.4	.5	*
Virginia	414	389	25	93.9	6.1	.1	.1	.2
Washington	5,590	5,568	22	99.6	.4	1.8	1.9	.2
West Virginia	462	451	11	97.6	2.4	.1	.1	.1
Wisconsin	4,880	4,786	94	98.1	1.9	1.6	1.6	.9
Wyoming	233	233		100.	*	*	*	*
Total States and Territory of Alaska	304,127	293,860	10,267	96.6	3.4	99.9	99.9	100.
Total Outlying Possessions of Hawaii, Porto Rico, Philippine Islands, and Virgin Islands	361	361		100.	*	.1	.1	*
Grand Total	304,488	294,221	10,267			100.	100.	100.

*Less than .1%.

Table XXI below shows the countries whence the immigrants came. Of the total of 10,267 Jewish immigrants 6,288 came from Poland (4,133), Russia (1,552) and Roumania (603); 1,163 came from Germany (652) and Great Britain and Northern Ireland (511), 931 from Canada; and 1,885 came from some 40 other countries in the world.

We also note that the Jews constituted 87.9% of the number of immigrants who came from Russia; 58% of those who came from Poland and 49.8% of those who came from Roumania.

TABLE XXI
COUNTRIES OF ORIGIN OF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS,
NON-JEWISH IMMIGRANTS, AND JEWISH IMMIGRANTS,
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1926

Countries	Number			Per Cent of Total Immigration from Country		Per Cent of Total Immigration to United States		
	Total	Non-Jews	Jews	Non-Jews	Jews	Total	Non-Jews	Jews
Albania.....	158	158		100.	*	*	*	*
Austria.....	1,102	1,031	71	93.5	6.5	.4	.3	.7
Belgium.....	718	641	77	89.3	10.7	.2	.2	.7
Bulgaria.....	175	173	2	94.4	5.6	*	*	*
Czecho-Slovakia.....	2,953	2,777	176	94.04	5.96	1.	.9	1.7
Danzig, Free City of.....	210	185	25	88.1	11.9	*	*	.2
Denmark.....	2,549	2,542	7	99.7	.3	.8	.9	*
Esthonia.....	132	115	17	87.1	12.9	*	*	.1
Finland.....	491	488	3	99.4	.6	.2	.2	*
France, incl. Corsica.....	4,181	4,013	168	96.	4.	1.4	1.4	1.7
Germany.....	50,421	49,769	652	98.7	1.3	16.6	16.9	6.5
Great Britain and Northern Ireland.....	25,947	25,436	511	98.03	1.97	8.5	8.6	5.1
Greece.....	1,121	1,116	5	99.5	.5	.4	.4	*
Hungary.....	906	738	168	81.4	18.6	.3	.2	1.7
Irish Free State.....	24,478	24,464	14	99.9	.1	8.	8.3	.1
Italy, incl. Sicily and Sardinia.....	8,253	8,245	8	99.9	.1	2.7	2.8	*
Latvia.....	298	90	208	30.2	69.8	*	*	2.1
Lithuania.....	636	332	304	52.2	47.8	.2	.1	3.
Luxemburg.....	127	127		100.	*	*	*	*
Netherlands.....	1,753	1,695		96.7	3.3	.6	.6	*
Norway.....	5,756	5,746	10	99.8	.2	1.9	1.9	*
Poland.....	7,126	2,993	4,133	42.	58.	2.3	1.	40.3
Portugal, incl. Azores and Cape Verde and Maderia Islands.....	666	664	2	99.7	.3	.2	.2	*
Roumania.....	1,211	608	603	50.2	49.8	.4	.2	6.
Russia.....	1,766	214	1,552	12.1	87.9	.6	*	15.1
Spain, incl. Canary and Balearic Islands.....	326	325	1	99.7	.3	.1	.1	*
Sweden.....	8,513	8,506	7	99.9	.1	2.8	2.9	*
Switzerland.....	1,994	1,984	10	99.5	.5	.6	.7	1.
Turkey in Europe.....	210	168	42	80.	20.	*	*	.4
Yugoslavia.....	1,059	1,053	6	99.4	.6	.3	.3	*
Other Europe.....	326	324	2	99.4	*	.1	.1	*
Total Europe.....	155,562	146,720	8,842	94.3	5.7	51.1	49.9	86.2

TABLE XXI (continued)

Countries	Number			Per Cent of Total Immigration from Country		Per Cent of Total Immigration to United States		
	Total	Non-Jews	Jews	Non-Jews	Jews	Total	Non-Jews	Jews
Armenia	16	16		100.	*	*	*	*
China	1,751	1,709	42	97.6	2.4	.6	.6	.4
India	93	87	6	93.5	6.5	*	*	*
Japan	654	654		100.	*	.2	.2	*
Palestine	250	86	164	34.4	65.6	*	*	1.6
Persia	56	53	3	94.6	5.4	*	*	*
Syria	429	428	1	99.8	.2	.1	.1	*
Turkey in Asia	21	19	2	90.5	9.5	*	*	*
Other Asia	143	130	13	90.9	9.1	*	*	.1
Total Asia	3,413	3,182	231	93.2	6.8	1.1	1.1	2.3
Egypt	214	169	45	79.	21.	*	*	.4
Other Africa	315	286	29	90.8	9.2	.1	*	.3
Total Africa	529	455	74	86.	14.	.2	.1	.7
Australia and Appertaining Islands	376	369	7	98.1	1.9	.1	.1	*
New Zealand and Appertaining Islands	180	180		100.	*	*	*	*
Not Specified	35	34	1	97.1	2.9	*	*	*
Total Australasia	591	583	8	98.6	1.4	.2	.2	*
Canada	91,019	90,088	931	99.8	1.2	29.9	30.8	9.3
Newfoundland	2,349	2,346	3	99.9	.1	.8	.8	*
Mexico	43,316	43,297	19	99.9	.1	14.2	14.7	.2
Cuba	2,281	2,201	80	96.5	3.5	.7	.7	.8
Other West Indies	941	939	2	99.8	.2	.3	.3	*
British Honduras	39	39		100.	*	*	*	*
Other Central America	1,335	1,335		100.	*	.4	.4	*
Brazil	877	855	22	97.5	2.5	.3	.3	.2
Other South America	2,230	2,175	55	97.5	2.5	.7	.7	.5
Other America	6	6		100.	*	*	*	*
Total Western Hemisphere	144,393	143,281	1,112	99.2	.8	47.4	48.7	10.8
Grand Total	304,488	294,221	10,267	96.6	3.4	100.	100.	100.

*Less than .1%.

Tables XXII and XXIII show that the Jewish immigration during the year ended June 30, 1926, included 19.6% children, while only 15.4% of the total number of non-Jewish immigrants admitted were children. Similarly 15.3% of the total Jewish immigrants were men and women of 45 years of age and over, while only 8.9% of the non-Jewish immigrants belonged to this age group. The percentage of immigrants between 16 and 44 years of age was consequently smaller among Jews (65%) than among the total number of non-Jewish immigrants (75.7%).

With regard to sex, as in the previous year the number of Jewish females exceeded the number of Jewish males (55.5% and 44.5%); while among the non-Jewish immigrants the number of males exceeded the number of females (56.4% and 43.6%).

TABLE XXII

AGE OF TOTAL NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS, OF NON-JEWISH IMMIGRANTS
AND OF JEWISH IMMIGRANTS, ADMITTED DURING THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 1926

Age	Number			Per Cent of Admission		
	Total	Non-Jews	Jews	Total	Non-Jews	Jews
Under 16.....	47,347	45,338	2,009	15.5	15.4	19.6
16-44.....	228,527	222,843	5,684	75.0	75.7	65.1
45 and over.....	28,614	26,040	2,574	9.5	8.9	15.3
Total.....	304,488	294,221	10,267	100.	100.	100.

TABLE XXIII

SEX OF TOTAL NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS, OF NON-JEWISH IMMIGRANTS,
AND OF JEWISH IMMIGRANTS, YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1926

Sex	Number			Per Cent of Admission		
	Total	Non-Jews	Jews	Total	Non-Jews	Jews
Males.....	170,567	165,999	4,568	56.	56.4	44.5
Females.....	133,921	128,222	5,699	44.	43.6	55.5
Total.....	304,488	294,221	10,267	100.	100.0	100.0

During the year ended June 30, 1926, 95.7% of the Jews admitted came to join relatives and only 2.3% came to neither relatives nor friends, as compared with 73.6% and 17.1% respectively, among the non-Jewish immigrants.

TABLE XXIV

TOTAL NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS, NUMBER OF NON-JEWISH IMMIGRANTS, AND NUMBER OF JEWISH IMMIGRANTS WHO CAME TO JOIN RELATIVES, FRIENDS, AND THOSE WHO HAD NO RELATIVES OR FRIENDS, YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1926

Persons Joined	Number			Per Cent of Admission		
	Total	Non-Jews	Jews	Total	Non-Jews	Jews
Relatives.....	230,243	220,423	9,820	75.6	73.6	95.7
Friends.....	27,982	27,774	208	9.2	9.3	2.0
None.....	46,263	46,024	239	15.2	17.1	2.3
Total.....	304,488	294,221	10,267	100.	100.	100.

JEWISH IMMIGRATION DURING JULY-DECEMBER, 1926

Statistics for the year ended June 30, 1927, were not available when this article was compiled, but as the figures for the second half of 1926 are at hand, a summary table based on these is given herewith. During July-December, 1926, only 5,614 Jews were admitted to the country, 3.2% of the total.

TABLE XXV

TOTAL NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS, NUMBER OF NON-JEWISH IMMIGRANTS, AND NUMBER OF JEWISH IMMIGRANTS, ADMITTED, DEPARTED, INCREASE, DEBARRED AND DEPORTED, DURING JULY-DECEMBER, 1926

	Admissions		Departures		Increase		Debarred		Deported	
	No.	% of Tot.	No.	% of Adm.	No.	% of Tot.	No.	% of Adm.	No.	% of Incr.
Non-Jews....	170,341	96.8	42,646	24.2	127,695	95.9	9,774	5.67	6,158	4.82
Jews.....	5,614	3.2	133	2.4	5,481	4.1	584	10.4	90	1.64
Total.....	175,955	100.	42,779	24.3	133,176	100.	10,358		6,248	

D. JEWISH IMMIGRATION INTO CANADA

During 1901-1925, 98,788 Jews were admitted to Canada, 1.9% of the total immigration. The figure given for the Jews does not include the number of Jews who immigrated from the United States and from Great Britain. During 1925, taken separately, the Jewish immigration from Continental Europe constituted 4% of the total.

TABLE XXVI

TOTAL NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS AND NUMBER OF JEWISH IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED TO CANADA

Year	Total	Jews (via ocean ports)	Per Cent Jews to Total	Year	Total	Jews (via ocean ports)	Per Cent Jews to Total
1901	49,149	2,765	5.6	1915..	144,789	3,107	2.1
1902	67,379	1,015	1.5	1916..	48,537	65	.1
1903	128,364	2,066	1.6	1917..	75,374	136	.1
1904	130,331	3,727	2.8	1918..	79,074	32	.04
1905	146,266	7,715	5.2	1919..	57,702	22	.04
1906	189,064	7,127	3.8	1920..	117,336	116	.09
1907	124,667	6,584	5.2	1921..	148,477	2,763	1.9
1908	262,469	7,712	2.9	1922..	89,999	8,404 ¹	9.3
1909	146,908	1,636	1.1	1923..	72,887	2,793 ¹	3.8
1910	208,794	3,182	1.5	1924..	148,560	4,255	2.8
1911	311,084	5,146	1.6	1925..	111,362	4,459	4.
1912	354,237	5,322	1.5	1926..	96,064	3,587	3.7
1913	402,432	7,387	1.8				
1914	384,878	11,252	2.9	Total.	5,096,183	102,375	

E. JEWISH IMMIGRATION INTO ARGENTINA

During 1913-1915 and 1919-1926, 64,757 Jews entered Argentina. About 7,534 Jews were admitted during 1926.

TABLE XXVII

TOTAL AND JEWISH IMMIGRATION INTO ARGENTINA, 1913-1915 AND 1919-1926

Year	Total	Jews	Per Cent Jews to Total
1913.....	302,047	10,860	3.5
1914.....	284,449	3,693	1.3
1915.....	137,716	606	.4
1919.....	69,879	280	.4
1920.....	155,332	2,071	1.3
1921 ¹	108,591	4,095	3.8
1922 ¹	139,953	7,198	5.2
1923 ¹	195,063	13,701	7.0
1924 ¹	159,939	7,799	4.8
1925 ¹	125,365	6,920	5.5
1926 ¹	135,111	7,534	5.6
Total.....	1,813,445	64,757	3.6

¹Communicated by ICA.

F. JEWISH IMMIGRATION INTO PALESTINE, 1917-1925

From the date of the British occupation of Palestine, December 9, 1917, to the end of 1926, 97,185 immigrants entered the country. Of that number 93,887 were Jews and 3,298 were non-Jews. But the government kept no statistics of the religion of the 14,011 persons who entered the country during December 9, 1917-May, 1921, with the result that the number of Jews given includes an indefinite but probably small number of non-Jews and the number given for the non-Jews is a minimum. The proportion of non-Jewish immigrants fluctuated between 1.6% during June-December of 1921 and 7% in 1923.

Statistics of emigration are incomplete. During 1922-1926, 16,522 Jews, 22% of the number of Jews admitted, left the country, leaving an increase of 57,380, or 76.4% of the number of Jews admitted.

In compiling the statistics for some of the years, the writer had the valuable and courteous cooperation of the Controller of the Permits Section of The Palestine Government.

TABLE XXVIII

SUMMARY OF IMMIGRATION AND EMIGRATION OF JEWS AND NON-JEWS, 1917-1926

A. NUMBER

Year	Immigration			Emigration			Increase		
	Total	Jews	Non-Jews	Total	Jews	Non-Jews	Total	Jews	Non-Jews
Dec. 9, 1917-May, 1921	14,101	14,101	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
June-Dec. 1921.....	4,861	4,784	77	*	*	*	*	*	*
Total.....	18,962	18,885	77						
1922.....	8,128	7,844	284	2,939	1,503	1,436	5,189	6,341	1,152 ¹
1923.....	7,991	7,421	570	4,947	3,466	1,481	3,044	3,955	911 ¹
1924.....	13,553	12,856	697	2,511	2,037	474	11,042	10,819	223
1925.....	34,641	33,801	840	4,100	2,151	1,949	30,541	31,650	1,109 ¹
1926.....	13,910	13,081	829	9,429	7,365	2,064	4,481	5,716	1,235 ¹
Total 1922-1926..	78,223	75,071	3,220	23,926	16,522	7,404	54,297	58,551	4,184 ¹
Grand Total.....	97,185	93,958	3,297	23,926	16,522	7,404	54,297		

*Figures not available.

¹Decrease.

B. PERCENTAGES

Year	Immigration			Emigration		
	Total	Jews	Non-Jews	Total	Jews	Non-Jews
Dec. 9, 1917-May, 1921.....	100.0	100.0	*	*	*	*
June-Dec. 1921.....	100.0	94.4	1.6	*	*	*
Total.....						
1922.....	100.0	96.5	3.5	100.0	51.1	48.9
1923.....	100.0	93.0	7.	100.0	70.0	30.0
1924.....	100.0	87.3	12.7	*	*	*
1925.....	100.0	97.6	2.4	100.0	52.4	47.5
1926.....	100.0	94.	6.	100.0	78.1	21.9
Total.....		74.3	3.7		63.1	36.8
• Grand Total.....		96.3	2.9		*	*

Table XXIX below gives the number of immigrants by month and shows that the monthly immigration was irregular.

TABLE XXIX

TOTAL NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS BY MONTHS, 1923-1926

Month	Number					Per Cent				
	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926
January.....	905	955	357	1,775	1,711	11.17	11.95	2.7	5.1	12.3
February.....	890	831	336	1,730	1,476	10.99	10.39	2.5	5.0	10.6
March.....	736	871	500	3,154	2,323	9.09	10.89	3.7	9.1	16.7
April.....	788	839	775	2,585	1,485	9.73	10.49	5.7	7.5	10.7
May.....	689	849	597	2,819	1,599	8.50	10.63	4.4	8.1	11.5
June.....	498	700	1,311	3,758	1,308	6.15	8.76	9.7	10.8	11.8
July.....	349	386	1,356	2,717	783	4.31	4.84	10.	7.8	5.6
August.....	487	558	1,879	3,333	873	6.01	6.98	13.9	9.6	6.3
September.....	712	452	2,055	3,415	677	8.79	6.78	15.2	9.8	4.9
October.....	577	561	1,017	3,838	641	7.12	7.03	7.5	11.2	4.6
November.....	829	520	1,705	2,832	521	10.23	6.51	12.5	8.2	3.7
December.....	641	379	1,665	2,685	513	7.91	4.75	12.2	7.8	3.7
Total....	8,101	7,991	13,553	34,640	13,910	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Average....	675	66	1,129	2,887	1,159					

Table XXX below shows that during 1922-1926 the number of men admitted exceeded the number of women (41.2% men, 34% women).

TABLE XXX
SEX AND AGE OF IMMIGRANTS 1922-1926

Year	Number				Per Cent			
	Men	Women	Children	Total	Men	Women	Children	Total
1922.....	3,427	2,528	2,173	8,128	42.	31.	27.	100.00
1923.....	2,228	2,616	2,147	7,991	40.39	32.74	26.87	100.00
1924.....	5,502	4,300	3,751	13,553	40.6	31.7	27.7	100.00
1925.....	14,413	11,953	8,275	34,641	38.6	34.5	23.8	100.00
1926.....	5,900	4,560	2,620	13,080	45.	35.	20.	100.
Total..	31,470	25,957	18,966	76,393	41.2	34.	24.8	100.

Table XXXI below gives the number of immigrants and emigrants, Jews and non-Jews, and the number of persons refused admittance during 1926, by month. With regard to emigration, it will be noted that the government of Palestine classifies persons who permanently leave the country in two groups, viz.: (1) emigrants, Palestine citizens, and (2) returning immigrants, aliens who are permanently returning to their countries of origin.

TABLE XXXI
 IMMIGRATION, EMIGRATION, NUMBER OF PERSONS REFUSED ADMITTANCE AND NET INCREASE OF
 JEWS AND NON-JEWS, 1926

	Month												Total
	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	
Immigration.....	1,711	1,476	2,323	1,485	1,599	1,308	783	873	677	641	521	513	13,910
Jews.....	1,590	1,405	2,230	1,415	1,515	1,240	735	825	630	589	457	449	13,080
Non-Jews.....	121	71	93	70	84	68	48	48	47	52	64	64	830
Refused Admittance.....	38	32	46	11	42	3	21	32	29	11	15	20	300
Emigration.....	319	403	552	459	632	875	989	1,137	1,087	1,302	923	751	9,429
Emigrants.....	126	136	193	85	142	108	137	166	147	241	84	129	1,694
Jews.....	48	50	22	30	35	20	21	35	13	54	38	47	413
Non-Jews.....	78	86	171	55	107	88	116	131	134	187	46	82	1,281
Returning Immigrants.....	193	267	359	374	490	767	852	971	940	1,061	839	622	7,735
Jews.....	170	209	317	354	417	583	819	925	782	997	784	595	6,952
Non-Jews.....	23	58	42	20	73	184	33	46	158	64	55	27	783
Net Increase.....	1,392	1,073	1,771	1,026	967	433	-206	-264	-410	-661	-402	-238	4,481
Jews.....	1,372	1,146	1,891	1,031	1,063	637	-105	-135	-105	-462	-365	-193	5,615
Non-Jews.....	20	-73	-120	-5	-96	-204	-101	-129	-245	-199	-37	-45	-1,234

APPENDIX: THE JEWS OF HUNGARY, CENSUS OF 1920

In 1920 the Hungarian government took a census of the population of the New Hungary. Results of that census, recently published, shed a great deal of light upon the status of the Jews in that country. In the pages that follow the writer has tried to present the results, as far as published, which bear on the distribution of the Jews; births and deaths; marriages, intermarriages, and divorces; education and the effect of the *numerus clausus* law of 1920; the Jewish communities; and a few other matters. In a few cases it was possible to compare the conditions in 1920 with those of 1910. Due to the fact, however, that the Hungary of 1910 comprised a larger territory than the Hungary of 1920, it was not feasible to do so in most of the cases and comparison was therefore made with years immediately following or preceding the year of census.

1. DISTRIBUTION

As in other countries, the Jews of Hungary are widely but not evenly distributed. The table given below shows that while the Jews in 1920 formed 5.9% of the total population, they constituted but 2.8% in the District of the Right Bank of the Danube and 2.1% in the District of the Triangle between the Tisza and the Maros. On the other hand they constituted 8.8% in the District between the Danube and the Tisza and 7.2% in the District of the Right Bank of the Tisza. Further in the municipal districts, which include the twelve large cities of the country, the Jews formed 17.2% (in Budapest, 23.2%), while in the rest of the country, the so-called *comitats*, or rural communes, they constituted but 3.2%. Considering the distribution of the Jewish population, we find that 55.88% lived in the municipal districts as compared with 9.29% of the total. Over 45% of the Jews of Hungary lived in Budapest.

TABLE I
TOTAL POPULATION AND THE NUMBER OF JEWS IN THE COUNTRY
BY DISTRICTS, 1920

District	Total	Jews		Distributions	
		Number	% of Total	Total	Jews
Total.....	7,980,143 ¹	473,310	5.9	100.00	100.00
Municipal Districts.....	1,539,587	264,508	17.2	9.29	55.88
Comitats (Rural Communes)...	6,440,556	208,802	3.2	80.71	44.12
Right Bank of Danube, including	2,506,487	69,250	2.8	31.41	14.63
5 Municipalities.....	177,912	15,699	7.5	21.78	3.31
Left Bank of Danube.....	261,556	7,745	3.	3.27	1.63
Region Bet. Danube & Tisza, includ.	3,285,851	289,255	8.8	41.17	61.11
4 Municipalities.....	272,511	11,827	4.8	3.41	2.49
Budapest.....	928,996	215,512	23.2	11.64	45.53
Right Bank of Tisza, including....	572,032	41,132	7.2	7.16	8.69
1 Municipality.....	56,982	11,300	19.8	.71	2.38
Left Bank of Tisza, including....	1,186,778	62,454	5.3	14.85	13.20
1 Municipality.....	103,186	10,170	9.8	1.29	2.34
Triangle Bet. Tisza and Maros....	167,439	3,474	2.1	1.66	.71

¹Including 6,300 persons designated as "others" and as of "unknown religion."

2. POPULATION GROWTH

Table II below shows that the number of Jews in the country in 1920 was practically the same as in 1910, while the total population increased by 4.6% and that, as a result, the percentage of Jews in the country decreased from 6.2% in 1910 to 5.9% in 1920, a falling off of .3%. The cause of the decrease is to be sought mainly in the extremely low birth-rate of the Hungarian Jews, although a small part of it is traceable to conversions. (See Table XVI, below.)

TABLE II
TOTAL POPULATION AND THE NUMBER OF JEWS, 1910 AND 1920

	Number		P. C.	
	Total	Jews	Total	Jews
1910.....	7,606,971	471,355	93.8	6.2
1920.....	7,980,143	473,310	94.1	5.9
Increase 1910-1920.....	373,172	1,955	4.6	.4

3. BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND NATURAL INCREASE

Table III below gives births, deaths, and natural increase of the Jews and of the total population in 1920 and also in 1921 and in 1922. During the three years under consideration, the country as a whole had an average birth rate of over 30 living births per 1000 persons. It is important to note, however, that the fecundity of the Hungarian Jews was much smaller than that of the total population, 19.8 compared with 31.7. The reverse condition obtains as to death, the death rate for the whole country being a little over 21 per 1000 persons, but only 15.7 among Jews. The table, however, shows clearly that the Hungarian Jews had a much lower natural increase. For 1920 it is only 2.1 per 1000 compared with 10.1 for the total population. The natural increase of the Jews in the two subsequent years was probably no higher than for 1920.

TABLE III
BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND NATURAL INCREASE OF THE TOTAL
POPULATION AND OF THE JEWS, 1920-1922

	Number		Rate per 1000	
	Total	Jews	Total	Jews
1920				
Population.....	7,980,143	473,310	.....	.....
Births.....	258,751	8,446	31.4	17.8
Deaths.....	175,862	7,416	21.3	15.7
Increase.....	82,889	1,030	10.1	2.1
1921				
Population.....	8,022,840	.....	.....	.....
Births.....	255,453	7,776	31.8	.....
Deaths.....	170,059	6,780	21.2	.....
Increase.....	85,394	996	10.6	2.09 ¹
1922				
Population.....	8,103,501	.....	.....	.....
Births.....	249,279	7,312	30.8	.....
Deaths.....	173,351	6,798	21.4	.....
Increase.....	75,928	514	9.4	1.08 ¹

¹This percentage is based on the assumption that the Jewish population grew only to the extent of excess of births over deaths.

4. MARRIAGE, MIXED MARRIAGE, AND DIVORCE

Table IV below gives the data of marriages and divorces. In 1920, a little over 13 persons married for every 1000 persons in the country. In 1921 the rate was 11.6 and in 1922, 10.8. The divorce rate per 1000 is not given for 1920, it was .77 in 1921, and .91 in 1922. Assuming that there was no change in the Jewish population since 1920, the marriage rate of Jews was, 24.4, 20.9 and 21 respectively and the divorce rate was less than .1 per thousand in 1921, and only a little over .1 per thousand in 1922.

The table gives also data of mixed marriages of Jews and non-Jews. If we consider all Jews married out of the faith as a total loss to Judaism, how great was the loss through intermarriage during the years under consideration? The table below shows the loss as insignificant, .22%, though the number constituted a considerable percentage of the total Jews married. We may note also the high rate of divorces among intermarried persons of Jews and non-Jews. In 1920 the rate was 15.03% of the mixed marriages, whereas the Jewish marriages terminated constituted only 4.52% of the number of Jewish marriages.

TABLE IV
MARRIAGES, MIXED MARRIAGES, AND DIVORCES, 1920-1922

	1920	1921	1922
Population			
Total.....	7,980,143	8,022,840	8,103,501
Jews.....	473,310	.....	.....
Marriages			
Total.....	215,470	186,620	175,742
Jewish.....	11,567	9,928	9,939
Rate per 1000 Population			
Total.....	27.11	23.3	21.7
Jews.....	24.4	.....	.....
Number of Jews Married			
To Jews.....	23,134	19,856	19,878
To Non-Jews.....	1,043	958	1,067
Percent of Jews Married.....	4.61	4.82	5.36
Percent of Total Jewish Population.....	.22	.....	.....
Men.....	614	507	555
Women.....	429	451	512
Marriages Invalidated or Dissolved			
Total.....	.....	6,188	7,419
Jewish.....	.....	449	537
Rate per 1000 Population			
Total.....	.....	.077	.091
Jews.....	.....	.009	.011
Mixed Marriages Terminated			
Number.....	.....	144	198
Percentage of Mixed Marriages.....	.....	15.03	18.55
Men.....	.....	78	120
Women.....	.....	66	78

5. ILLEGITIMACY

Table V below shows that illegitimacy was much less frequent among Jews than among non-Jews. During 1920, 1921 and 1922 an average of 8 children of every 100 children born in the country were born out of wedlock. But among the Jews, an average of only 3 children per 100 were illegitimate.

TABLE V
ILLEGITIMACY AMONG JEWS AND NON-JEWS, 1920-1922

Year	Children Born		Illegitimate Children			
			Number		Percent of Total Children	
	Total	Jews	Total	Jews	Total	Jews
1920.....	258,751	8,446	20,768	288	8.	3.4
1921.....	255,453	7,776	18,822	266	7.4	3.4
1922.....	249,279	7,312	18,151	214	7.3	2.9

6. EDUCATION

Public education in Hungary comprises: (1) Infant schools; (2) elementary schools; (3) middle or secondary schools; (4) preparatory and training institutions for infant-school teachers, elementary and higher school teachers; (5) professional schools; and (6) universities. The educational institutions are maintained by the State, the *comitats* (rural communes), the municipalities, foundations, private persons, and the religious denominations.

A. PRIMARY EDUCATION.—Primary education comprises: (1) Elementary schools; (2) high primary schools (completion courses) closely associated with the sixth class of the elementary school; (3) primary agricultural schools, industrial and commercial apprentice schools; (4) the so-called "burgher" schools (Polgári iskolák) connected with the fourth class of the elementary school.

In 1919-1920, 1,040,623 children attended the institutions of primary education, including 56,408 Jewish children, (5.4%); in 1920-1921, the numbers were 1,115,327 and 58,160, (5.2%), respectively; and in 1921-1922, they were 1,256,606 and 59,492, (4.7%) respectively.

The vast majority of the Jewish children attended, during the years under consideration, the elementary daily schools and the burgher schools. The percentage of Jews in the supplementary courses was small because a greater number of Jewish children than of non-Jewish children went to the high schools. (See Table VI B. below.)

In the years under consideration the Jews maintained a number of daily elementary schools, burgher schools, and a few supplementary courses.

As in other countries, only a small number of the Jewish children in Hungary attended Jewish schools—29% in 1919–1920, 31.4% in 1920–1921, and 31% in 1921–1922. In the daily elementary schools only 41.1% attended the Jewish denominational schools in 1919–1920, 43.6% in 1920–1921, and 45.2% in 1921–1922; while among the total population as many as 64.3% attended the Christian denominational schools in 1919–1920, 63.1% in 1920–1921, and 62.4% in 1921–1922. Still greater was the difference in the case of the burgher schools. Only 6.8% of the total number of Jewish children in the burgher schools attended those maintained by Jews in 1919–1920, but the proportion was much greater in the two succeeding years—10.7% in 1920–1921, and 12.8% in 1921–1922; while among the total population the proportion attending the Christian denominational citizens' schools remained stationary, being 16.5% in 1919–1920, 16.8% in 1920–1921, and 16.6% in 1921–1922. Of the remaining number of Jewish children in the daily elementary schools, 46.8% attended the state, district and municipal schools in 1919–1920, 44% in 1920–1921, and 42% in 1921–1922. (Only a small number of Jews went during those years to private schools and to schools maintained by foundations); while 12.1% of the total number of Jewish children in the elementary daily schools in 1919–1920, 12.4% in 1920–1921, and 12.8% in 1921–1922 attended schools maintained by the Christian denominations. On the other hand, since the denominational schools are subsidized by the State, some Christian children attended the Jewish schools.

TABLE VIA
PRIMARY EDUCATION, 1919–1921

	1919–1920		1920–1921		1921–1922	
	Total	Jewish	Total	Jewish	Total	Jewish
Schools	10,092	218	10,981	227	12,077	249
Teachers ¹	21,030	466	22,928	512	24,527	573
Pupils—Total . . .	1,040,623	17,844	1,115,327	19,447	1,256,606	19,748
* Pupils—Jewish . .	56,408	16,763	58,160	18,268	59,492	18,488

¹Excluding teachers in Completion Courses, the number of which is not given.

TABLE VIb
PRIMARY EDUCATION

	Elementary Schools			Completion Courses			Commer- cial and Industrial Apprentice	Burgher Schools					
	Total	Christian Denom.	Jewish	Others ¹	Total	Christian Denom.		Jewish	Others ¹	Total	Christian Denom.	Jewish	Others ¹
1919-1920													
Schools.....	5,906	4,166	186	1,554	3,650	2,966	27	657	268	56	5	207	
Teachers.....	16,312	8,776	413	7,123	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,154	462	53	2,639
Pupils—Total....	813,446	523,280	16,610	273,556	122,528	102,090	187	20,251	75,351	12,408 ²	1,047	61,896	
Pupils—Jewish....	37,790	4,589	15,529	17,672	651	225	187	239	15,375	.....	1,047 ²	14,375
1920-1921													
Schools.....	6,158	4,263	196	1,699	4,204	3,300	24	880	307 ³	66	7	239	
Teachers.....	17,623	9,357	445	8,802	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,899	520	67	2,819
Pupils—Total....	856,941	540,875	17,633	298,433	139,831	114,613	204	25,014	42,850	12,700 ²	1,610	61,395	
Pupils—Jewish....	37,753	4,688	16,459	16,606	837	370	199	268	4,517	.....	1,610 ²	13,443
1921-1922													
Schools.....	6,305	4,321	198	1,783	5,115	3,732	42	1,341	329	68	9	251	
Teachers.....	18,428	9,772	461	8,095	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,159	640	112	3,288
Pupils—Total....	905,195	565,180	17,433	322,582	217,416	163,053	343	54,020	55,340	13,048 ²	1,972	63,635	
Pupils—Jewish....	35,791	4,587	16,174	15,040	1,751	785	342	624	6,496	.....	1,972 ²	13,482

¹Schools maintained by the state, municipalities, comitats, and other non-denominational support.

²Probably includes a number of Jewish children and Christian children respectively.

B. PRIMARY NORMAL SCHOOLS.—In 1919–1920, 1920–1921, and 1921–1922 the State and the religious denominations maintained normal schools for the training of teachers for the institutions of primary education and for the infants' homes. The Jews maintained only one normal school, namely, a school for the training of men teachers in the primary schools.

The table below shows that the number of Jewish students in the primary normal schools steadily decreased in spite of the fact that the schools are not higher educational schools and are thus not subject to the *numerus clausus* law of 1920. Noteworthy is also the fact that the majority of the public school teachers-to-be received their training at denominational normal schools, the percentages being 59.8% in 1919–1920, 57.2% in 1920–1921, and 57.5% in 1921–1922.

TABLE VII
PRIMARY NORMAL SCHOOLS

	Pupils		Percentages		
			P.C. Jewish Pupils to Total	Distribution by class of school	
	Total	Jews		Total	Jews
Total, 1919–1920.....	5,884	184	3.1	100.	100.
Jewish.....	47	47	100.	.....	25.4
Denominational.....	3,518	59	1.7	59.8	32.
Total, 1920–1921.....	5,977	132	2.2	100.	100.
Jewish.....	34	34	100.	.....	25.7
Denominational.....	3,426	48	1.4	57.2	36.3
Total, 1921–1922.....	4,750	105	2.2	100.	100.
Jewish.....	35	35	100.	.....	32.4
Denominational.....	2,705	33	1.2	57.5	32.4

C. SECONDARY EDUCATION.—Institutions for secondary education include *gymnasia*, *realschulen*, and secondary schools for young girls. Both the *gymnasia* and the *realschulen* are divided into senior schools and junior schools. In addition, there are secondary schools of commerce to be treated under professional schools. In the years under review some of the secondary schools, especially the *gymnasia*, the *realschulen* and the secondary schools for young girls, were maintained by the State or the municipalities; other schools belonged to religious denominations, or were private schools, but were under the supervision of the State; while still others were denominational and autonomous. In 1919–1920 the Jews began to maintain one junior *gymnasium* (2 in 1921–1922) and one school for young girls, both under the supervision of the State.

In the three years under consideration, the percentage of Jewish children to the total enrollment was greatly out of proportion to the percentage of Jews to the total population. In 1920, for example, Jews constituted 28.3% of the pupils in these schools, although only 5.9% of the total population. Since 1920-1921, this percentage has slightly but steadily fallen.

It may be noted also that the percentage of Jews attending the various secondary schools differed from that of the total population. In 1919-1920, for instance, of the total number of 56,541 children attending the secondary school 50.1% attended the *gymnasia*, 15.4% the *realschulen*, and 16.8% the schools for young girls; while among Jews the percentages were 55.8%, 21.7%, and 22.5% respectively. The large number of Jewish girls attending the secondary schools for girls is especially noteworthy: 22.5% of the total among Jews as compared with 16.8% of the total among non-Jews.

TABLE VIII
SECONDARY EDUCATION

	Pupils		P.C. Jewish Pupils to Total	Distribution by class of school	
	Total	Jews		Total	Jews
Total, 1919-1920.....	51,541	15,996	30.33	100.	100.
Gymnasia.....	33,358	8,929	26.77	.....	55.8
Jewish.....	83	83	100.	.....	.5
Realschulen.....	8,704	3,465	39.8	16.88	21.7
Schools for Young Girls.....	9,479	3,602	38.	18.39	22.5
Jewish.....	88	88	100.	.....	.5
Total, 1920-1921.....	56,927	14,219	24.9	100.	100.
Gymnasia.....	37,991	7,809	20.5	66.7	54.9
Jewish.....	152	152	100.	.....	1.
Realschulen.....	9,140	3,011	32.9	16.1	21.2
Schools for Young Girls.....	9,796	3,399	34.7	17.2	23.9
Jewish.....	194	194	100.	.....	1.4
Total, 1921-1922.....	56,005	13,154	23.5	100.	100.
Gymnasia.....	37,804	7,253	19.2	67.5	55.1
Jewish.....	307	307	100.	.....	2.3
Realschulen.....	8,445	2,750	32.6	15.1	20.9
Schools for Young Girls.....	9,756	3,151	32.3	17.4	23.9
Jewish.....	329	329	100.	.....	2.5

D. BACCALAUREATE EXAMINATIONS.—Table IX below gives the data on the number of boys and of girls, during 1919–1920 to 1921–1922, who passed the examinations required for admittance to higher institutions of learning. In each of the years under consideration the Jews show a higher proportion of their youth passing the baccalaureate examinations in comparison with the total population. In 1919–1920, for instance, 26% of the successful graduates were Jews while the percentage of Jews of the total population was but 5.9%. The proportion is even greater among the girls. Of the total number of graduates in 1919–1920 among the total population there were 83.2% of boys and 16.8% of girls; while among Jews the per cents were 74.8% and 25.2% respectively.

TABLE IX

PERSONS PASSING THE BACCALAUREATE EXAMINATIONS

Year and Sex	No.		Per Cent		
	Total	Jews	P.C. Jews of Total	Distribution	
				Total	Jews
Total, 1919–1920.....	4,079	1,062	26.	100.	100.
Boys.....	3,392	795	23.4	83.2	74.8
Girls.....	687	267	38.8	16.8	25.2
Total, 1920–1921.....	4,697	1,164	24.8	100.	100.
Boys.....	3,885	866	22.3	82.7	74.4
Girls.....	812	298	36.7	17.3	25.6
Total, 1921–1922.....	4,579	1,159	25.3	100.0	100.
Boys.....	3,882	890	22.4	84.8	76.8
Girls.....	697	269	38.6	15.2	23.2

E. HIGHER EDUCATION.—In 1920–1921 higher education in Hungary included the following institutions: a university at Budapest and a university at Debrecen. Pre-war Hungary included two more universities, one at Szeged and one at Pecs. The latter institutions are now located in territory no longer belonging to Hungary, but some departments of those so-called “refugee universities” were removed to places in Hungary and are still functioning. It will, therefore, be necessary to consider the number of faculties or departments that functioned in the country in each one of the years under consideration. The University of Budapest had faculties of Roman Catholic theology, law, medicine, and philosophy, and courses in pharmacy. The university of Debrecen had faculties of Calvinistic theology, law, and philosophy, as did also

the "refugee universities." In addition, the government controlled a polytechnical school at Pesth with sections in chemistry, architecture, mechanical engineering, and political economy; 3 academies of law: 1 Roman Catholic, 1 Calvinist, and the third Lutheran; and 4 higher schools of theology: 1 Roman Catholic, 1 Calvinist, 1 Lutheran, and 1 Jewish. Thus the country had faculties and schools of theology, law, medicine, philosophy and, since 1920-1921, political economy; one polytechnicum; and courses in pharmacy.

The table below gives the data of higher education during the four years of 1918-1919 to 1921-1922. The year 1918-1919 is included with a view to showing the havoc which the Education Act of 1920 wrought among the Jewish students in the years that followed. At the end of 1918-1919, the number of Jews who attended the institutions of higher learning, was 6,719, or 36.4% of the total; but one year later, as a result of the *numerus clausus*, the Jews numbered only 558, or 5.6% of the total. Since then the percentage of Jews increased to 12.1% in 1920-1921 and to 13.4% in 1921-1922. But in the latter year, although the total enrollment was 93.8% of that of 1918-1919, the number of Jews was still but 34.5% of the number of Jews in 1918-1919.

Very instructive is the distribution of the Jewish students among the various departments and schools. In the year before the introduction of the *numerus clausus*, nearly 50% of the total number of Jewish students studied medicine, 24.8% studied in the Polytechnicum, and 15.7% in the law schools. After the introduction of the *numerus clausus* the percentages were .5%, 75.6%, and 17.4% respectively in 1919-1920, becoming normal again in the following years when they were 57.7%, 16.6%, and 17.5% in 1920-1921; and 51.5%, 15.8%, and 20.6% in 1921-1922. Different was the distribution of the total number of students: in 1918-1919 the percentages were 35.4%, 23%, and 25.6% in medicine, law and technicum respectively; in 1919-1920, the year of *numerus clausus*, the percentages were quite out of the ordinary: 27.9% in medicine, 20.3% in law, and 34.4% in the technicum. In the years that followed the percentages were 31.6%, 19.6%, and 27% respectively in 1920-1921, and 29.7%, 21.1%, and 24.3% in 1921-1922. These fluctuations are traceable of course to the drastic reduction in the enrollment of Jews.

TABLE X

NUMBER AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE JEWISH STUDENTS IN THE SCHOOLS AND FACULTIES FOR HIGHER LEARNING AND IN THE JEWISH SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY, SECOND SEMESTER OF 1918-1919 TO 1921-1922

	Total	Jews	Percentages		
			Jews of Total	Distribution	
				Total	Jews
Total, 1918-1919	18,449	6,719	36.4	100.	100.
Theology.....	554	13	23.5	3.	.2
Law.....	4,241	1,056	24.9	23.	15.7
Medicine.....	6,526	3,336	51.1	35.4	49.6
Philosophy.....	2,104	524	24.9	11.4	7.8
Pharmacy.....	297	120	40.4	1.6	1.8
Polytechnicum.....	4,727	1,670	35.3	25.6	24.8
Total, 1919-1920	10,005	558	5.6	100.	100.
Theology.....	524	5	.9	5.2	.9
Law.....	2,028	97	4.8	20.3	17.4
Medicine.....	2,787	3	.1	27.9	.5
Philosophy.....	1,107	24	2.2	11.1	4.3
Pharmacy.....	117	7	6.	1.2	1.2
Polytechnicum.....	3,442	422	12.2	34.4	75.6
Total, 1920-1921	14,258	1,721	12.1	100.	100.
Theology.....	708	8	1.1	4.9	.5
Law.....	2,791	302	10.8	19.6	11.5
Medicine.....	4,503	994	22.1	31.6	57.7
Philosophy.....	1,304	76	5.8	9.1	4.4
Pharmacy.....	228	20	8.8	1.6	1.2
Polytechnicum.....	3,851	286	7.4	27.	16.6
Political Economy.....	873	35	4.	6.1	2.
Total, 1921-1922	17,306	2,318	13.4	100.	100.
Theology.....	797	11	1.4	4.6	.5
Law.....	3,649	478	13.1	21.1	20.6
Medicine.....	5,132	1,194	23.3	29.7	51.5
Philosophy.....	1,391	136	9.8	8.	5.9
Pharmacy.....	360	43	11.9	2.1	1.8
Polytechnicum.....	4,203	366	8.7	24.3	15.8
Political Economy.....	1,774	90	5.1	10.	3.9

F. HIGHER NORMAL SCHOOLS.—The government and Christian orders maintain five higher normal schools for the training of teachers for secondary schools and for secondary commercial schools. Those normal schools are located at Budapest and at Pannonhalma. (Pre-war Hungary had another one at Szeged.) The introduction of the *numerus clausus* has greatly cut down the number of Jewish students in these schools. In 1918–1919 the percentage of Jews was 18.2% while in 1919–1920 it was 4.7%, falling still lower in the following years.

TABLE XI
HIGHER NORMAL SCHOOLS, 1918–1919 TO 1921–1922

	No. of Candidates Second Semester		Per Cent Jews
	Total	Jews	
1918–1919.....	400	73	18.2
1919–1920.....	362	17	4.7
1920–1921.....	318	6	1.9
1921–1922.....	377	11	2.9

G. PROFESSIONAL TRAINING.—Professional training in Hungary includes training in agriculture; veterinary medicine; engineering, forestry, and mining; industry and commerce; the arts; communications (railways and navigation); midwifery; and other professions taught at special schools and courses. The training in agriculture is given at five agricultural high schools and 21 other agricultural schools. The vast majority of the Jewish students, in the years under consideration, attended the agricultural high schools. Hungary has one Royal Hungarian Higher School for Engineers, Foresters, and Mines and one veterinary school. The latter school, as far as statistics are available, does not classify its students according to religion, and will, therefore, be omitted from the table below. (The veterinary school had in 1919–1920, 40 teachers and 101 students.) Training in industry and in commerce is given in 36 secondary schools and in 20 industrial schools. The latter include 1 high school for decorative art, and 7 special industrial schools for girls. In addition there were in 1919–1920, 95 special industrial courses with over 10,000 pupils which, according to the published statistics, were not subdivided in accordance with religion and therefore not included in the table below.

In 1918-1919 a total of 40,421 students received training in the professional schools of the country, of whom 9,291 or 23% were Jews; in 1919-1920 the Jews constituted 22% of the total; in 1920-1921, 18.7%; and in 1921-1922, 17.4%. The introduction of *numerus clausus* did not cut down the number of Jewish students to the degree that it did in the universities because most of the professional schools are not of collegiate standing and the *numerus clausus* law was, therefore, not applicable to them.

Very instructive is the distribution of the Jewish students among the professional schools. In 1918-1919 the Jews were most numerous in the industrial and commercial schools, where they constituted 51.8% of the total number of Jewish students in all the schools. Then came the industrial schools with 43.1%, and the art schools with 3%. A similar condition prevailed in the years that followed the introduction of the *numerus clausus* law.

TABLE XII

PROFESSIONAL TRAINING 1918-1919 TO 1921-1922

Year, School and Courses	Number of Students		Percentages		
	Total	Jews	P. C. of Jews to Total	Distribution	
				Total	Jews
1918-1919					
Agriculture.....	1,678	152	9.06	9.1	2.88
Engineering, Forestry and Mines.....	205	22	10.73	1.13	.42
Industry and Commerce....	13,114	4,811	36.68	71.18	91.25
Art.....	3,349	284	8.48	18.17	5.38
Special Schools and Courses..	77	3	3.9	.42	.06
Total.....	18,423	5,272	28.62	100.	100.
1919-1920					
Agriculture.....	1,409	21	1.49	8.82	.5
Engineering, Forestry and Mines.....	126	4	3.17	.79	.09
Industry and Commerce....	11,579	3,977	34.33	72.5	93.4
Art.....	2,503	238	9.52	15.66	5.59
Communication.....	85	11	12.94	.53	.26
Midwifery.....	190	3	1.58	1.18	.07
Special Schools and Courses..	83	4	4.82	.52	.09
Total.....	15,975	4,258	26.65	100.	100.

TABLE XII (continued)

Year, School and Courses	Number of Students		Percentages		
	Total	Jews	P. C. of Jews to Total	Distribution	
				Total	Jews
1920-1921					
Agriculture.....	1,935	15	.78	11.23	.37
Engineering, Forestry and Mines.....	154			.89	
Industry and Commerce....	12,499	3,398	27.82	72.53	83.30
Art.....	2,281	642	28.15	13.23	15.73
Communication.....	14			.06	
Midwifery.....	134			.78	
Special Schools and Courses..	94	24	25.53	.55	.59
Communal Administration..	121			.70	
Total.....	17,232	4,079	23.67	100.	100.
1921-1922					
Agriculture.....	2,357	17	.72	12.47	.45
Engineering, Forestry and Mines.....	144			.76	
Industry and Commerce....	13,419	3,220	24.02	71.04	87.08
Art.....	2,340	443	18.93	12.39	11.97
Communication.....	151	11	7.28	.80	.29
Midwifery.....	147	1	.7	.78	
Special Schools and Courses..	126	8	6.35	.67	.21
Communal Administration..	205			1.09	
Total.....	18,889	3,700	19.58	100.	100.

H. PHILANTHROPIC SCHOOLS.—In addition to the pupils who received their education in the primary schools, high schools, professional schools, etc., there were pupils who received instruction in institutions described as of a philanthropic character. These institutions included, in 1919–1920 and 1920–1921, orphanages and institutions for the blind, deaf-mutes, and the insane. The institutions were maintained either by the State, the *comitats*, the cities, foundations and private persons, or by the various religious denominations. In addition there were State homes for infants, institutions of the National League for the Protection of Infants, houses of charity, and correctional homes. Of the latter category of institutions the most important were the homes maintained by the State. In 1919–1920, for example, of the 37,281 children, 35,868 were found in the State homes. The Jewish children also were mostly in the State homes; of the 2,851 Jewish children in such homes, in 1919–1920, 2,737 were in the State homes.

The table below shows that in 1919–1920 the number of Jewish pupils in the philanthropic institutions was 3,021 or 7.9% of the total, a percentage out of proportion to the ratio of Jews to the total population.

TABLE XIII
INSTITUTIONS OF A PHILANTHROPIC CHARACTER, 1919–1920 AND
1921–1922

	Pupils at End of Year		Percentages		
	Total	Jews	Jews to Total	Dist. of Children	
				Total	Jews
Total, 1919–1920.....	40,480	3,211	7.9	100.	100.
Orphanages.....	2,055	168	8.2	5.1	5.2
Institutions for the Blind....	353	21	5.9	.9	.6
Institutions for Deaf Mutes...	453	82	18.1	1.1	2.5
Institutions for the Insane...	338	89	26.3	.8	2.8
Homes.....	37,281	2,851	7.6	92.1	88.8
Total, 1920–1921.....	40,086	3,077	7.7	100.	100.
Orphanages.....	2,029	213	10.5	5.	6.9
Institutions for the Blind....	289	26	9.	.7	.8
Institutions for Deaf Mutes...	612	100	16.3	1.5	3.2
Institutions for the Insane...	378	88	23.3	.9	2.8
Homes.....	36,778	2,650	7.2	91.7	86.1
Total, 1921–1922.....	41,969	3,174	7.5	100.	100.
Orphanages.....	1,873	100	5.3	4.4	3.1
Institutions for the Blind....	323	23	7.1	.8	.7
Institutions for Deaf Mutes...	739	114	15.4	1.7	3.6
Institutions for the Insane...	443	25	5.6	1.1	.8
Homes.....	38,591	2,912	7.5	92.	91.7

I. ILLITERACY.—A number of the tables given above show that proportionally more Jews than non-Jews attended the public, high, and professional schools, and the institutions for higher learning. The table below shows one of the results of the educational effort of the Jews, namely, the lower percentage of illiteracy among the Jews than among the total population. In 1920, the census year, 11.6% of the total number of Jews, 6 years and over, were illiterate, while among the total number of persons, six years and over, enumerated in that year, double that proportion were illiterate. In the following table, the larger proportion (93.3%) of persons 6 years of age and older among Jews than in the total population (90.09%) should be noted; it reflects the lower birth-rate prevailing among the Jews of Hungary, already referred to above.

TABLE XIV
ILLITERACY, 1920

	Population	Persons 6 yrs. of age and over		Illiterates	
	Number	Number	%	Number	%
Total.....	7,980,143	7,189,272	90.09	1,881,586	26.2
Jews.....	473,310	441,306	93.23	51,503	11.6

7. JEWISH COMMUNITIES AND RABBIS

The table below gives the number of Jewish communities. During 1919-1922 the number of the "Mother" communities, or principal communities, remained stationary. On the other hand the number of auxiliary, small communities, decreased until 1922 when it showed an increase. Similarly in the case of the rabbis. The number of the principal rabbis did not decrease while the number of the associate rabbis and teachers of religion decreased yearly until 1922 when it showed an increase.

TABLE XV
JEWISH RELIGIOUS COMMUNITIES, 1919-1922

	Number				Incr. or Decr. Per Cent		
	1919	1920	1921	1922	1920	1921	1922
Communities.....	769	727	650	659	- 5.46	-10.6	+ 1.39
Primary.....	262	261	261	261	- .38	.....	.....
Secondary.....	507	466	389	398	- 8.08	-16.52	+ .23
Rabbis and Associates...	642	515	462	496	-19.79	-10.3	+ 8.06
Rabbis.....	174	162	176	175	- 6.89	+ 8.64	- .55
Associates and Masters of Religion.....	468	353	286	321	-24.57	-13.26	+12.24

8. CONVERSION AND APOSTASY

The table below gives the data on apostasy. In 1919, evidently as a result of the terrible persecutions, as many as 7,146 Jews abandoned their religion and only the small number of 137 non-Jews embraced the Jewish religion. The number of apostasies fell to 1,925 in the following year and decreased to 499 two years later. Conversely, the number of conversions to the Jewish religion steadily increased until it reached 340 in 1922.

TABLE XVI
CONVERSION AND APOSTASY

	Number			Incr. or Decr.	
	1920	1921	1922	Per Cent	
				1921	1922
Conversions.....	168	243	340	+44.64	+39.92
Men.....	66	83	137	+25.76	+65.06
Women.....	102	160	203	+56.86	+26.87
Apostasies.....	1,925	827	499	-57.04	-39.66
Men.....	1,096	398	227	-63.68	-42.96
Women.....	829	429	272	-48.25	-36.60
Surplus of apostasies over conversions	1,757	584	159	-66.76	-72.77
Men.....	1,030	315	90	-69.42	-71.43
Women.....	727	269	69	-63.	-74.35

9. CRIME

Statistics of criminals according to religion are available only for 1921 and 1922. The table below shows that the total number of Jews found guilty of crimes was 3.1% and 3.4% of the total, while the 1920 census shows the per cent of the Jews as 5.9 of the total

Noteworthy is the variation shown by the Jewish people in the distribution of the crimes between the sexes. Among the total population, per cents of men and women were 71% and 29% respectively; while among Jews they were 72.9% and 27.1% respectively.

TABLE XVII
PERSONS FOUND GUILTY OF CRIMES AND PERSONS WHO CONFESSED,
1921 AND 1922

	Total	Jews	of Jews to Total	Per Cent	
				Men and Women	
				Total	Jews
1921.....	33,951	1,077	3.1	100.00	100.00
Men.....	24,112	823	3.4	71.	78.2
Women.....	9,839	254	2.6	29.	21.8
1922.....	46,783	1,612	3.4	100.00	100.0
Men.....	34,115	1,281	3.76	72.9	79.46
Women.....	12,668	331	2.61	27.1	20.54